Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XIX. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1887. NO. 7.

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SENATOR FRYE will leave for Europe on the 12th of March.

WE hope the dependent pensions bill will be passed over the President's veto.

SECRETARY MANNING has resigned once again. We wonder if he means it this time.

THE Philadelphia *Times* is making itself ridiculous in its opposition to pension bills.

THE pension bills will consume the surplus, and there can be no other way to dispose of it.

THE elections are ended and the townships, cities and towns are safe for one more year,

THE Supreme Court of Washington Territory has declared the Woman Suffrage law unconstitutional.

THERE is no change in the war situation of Europe. Hostilities may begin at any moment and they may be delayed for yeare.

NEW YORK city has twenty-four savings banks, and the number of depositors in them is 669,433, or fully one-half of the entire population.

THREE weeks of moderate weather with only one or two cold days pretty well establishes the fact that the backbone of Winter is broken.

THE President, on Friday, returned to the house the dependent pension bill without his approval. It was referred to committee on individual pensions in the Senate.

NEW YORK capitalists have made their appearance in St. Louis to make liberal purchases of real estate, in the belief, it is said, that no city in the Union furnishes so many opportunities for investment.

JOHN WANAMAKER, of Philadelphia, a gentleman of princely wealth and cultured tastes, has purchased Munkasey's famous picture, "Christ before Pilate." He gave a higher price for it than was ever before paid for a modern painting.

ON Sunday evening the handsome city of Wilkesbarre was visited by quite a destructive fire. A portion of the large frame block owned by Edward Wilkes was partially destroyed. The business firms of McMurtrie Brothers, bakers and confectioners; Joel Roselle, painter, and Harry Lay, photographer, were among the occupants. Losses, about $30,000.

PROHIBITION has had quite a prosperous career in its journey through the Pennsylvania legislature. But the law, it is said, will require its passage by another legislature, before the people vote on it. Will it fare so well next time? and what will be the sentiment of the next legislature? are important queries.

IT is said to be the understanding of the senate finance committee that the conferees on the trade dollar bill shall make no issue with the house on the chief of the house amendments, namely that which admits the provision that the sum paid for the redemption of trade dollars shall be deducted from the monthly bullion purchase.

THE wife of the President of the United States is using her best efforts to secure another nomination for that gentleman. If she alone were the person to be considered there would be good prospects for it and she would a strong candidate, but no available influence can pull Grover through again. It would be a brilliant idea for the Democrats to nominate Mr. C. next time.

MR. JAY GOULD kindly admits that Congress has the right to regulate the roads; but he raises the important constitutional point that it cannot delegate that power to a commission. After Mr. Gould has brought his mind a little further to the elucidation of constitution restriction he will discover that Congress cannot delegate the power to coin money, but must carry on the important work of stamping the coins during its moments of leisure in in the smoking rooms.

(Contributed.)

Capital and Labor.

The question that should engage the thoughts of all good people at the present time is not, what political party should succeed? Or, what should political parties do, that we might have a better condition of business? The great question is, what is right and what is wrong on all questions public and private. The right should always prevail and the wrong always be suppressed. The people of this Commonwealth, as one man, should rise up and say, we will have righteous laws and to have righteous laws we must have righteous lawmakers. Our Legislators must be men of true principles, who fear God, and honor the commandments of God; whose lives are conformed to The Divine Law. The Capital of this country is largely allied with the politics of the country, politicians and capitalists on one side, and labor on the other side. Hence, there are two powerful contending elements—the one side holding fast what they now have, which is wealth, position, and influence; the other side struggling to maintain a living and in many cases sufficient only to keep the wolf from the door. That such is the condition of socity in this country to-day, no one will deny, and for any one to say it has been all the fault of the capitalists of the country would be a great mistake; and likewise to say it is the fault of the labor of the country, would be a mistake. Yet this condition of society exists, and what is the cause? In the consideration of this question it is well to remember, that in this country, eighteen or twenty years ago, we had but few individuals, throughout the United States, that were worth one million dollars. At the present it is said, in N. Y. City alone there are not less than twenty-five persons that are worth one million or more, and other cities throughout the country can show a similar increase in wealth of individuals. Such wealth is not unfrequently gained in an unfair way. Capital combines, a corner is formed, wheat, flour, bacon, or any article of common use is brought up at market prices, and held until the price advances. The price of such articles held by such a combination of capital, must advance, and the advanced price is paid by the millions of consumers. The amount paid by the widows and orphans alone over this broad land, would be a very neat little profit, under such forced exhorbitant prices. In like manner, the boycott on the part of the laborer is equally wrong, and all contrary to the Divine law. The strife between labor and capital to-day can be removed in one way, and *only* one way, and that is by a uniform and universal, adherance to the Divine law. The church and the Christian ministry have a great responsibility concerning both labor and capital. These great questions that are shaking the very foundation of our Government must be discussed from true principles. In the light of Divine truth from our pulpits, the masses must be educated in Divine things. H.

We Did It.

Our friends of the *Watchman* agree that a good way to dispose of the surplus in the treasury is to spend $21,000 000 for improved steel guns and fortifications and $50,000,000 for a new navy. This will give us defense from foreign enemies and afford remunerative employment to workmen at home. Yes, that is our policy—Millions for defense, but not a cent for tribute.

But, suppose the country were now in the condition in which it was when the people said the Democrats "must go." There would be no surplus, and then we could not talk thus coolly about spending millions for necessary means of defense. It is this same Democratic party which is now endeavoring to place the country in a position in which there will be no surplus—to make us not only defenseless but, also moneyless. To the Republican party is due the condition of affairs which makes the United States the envy of all other nations.

SENATOR EVARTS has introduced a bill appropriating $112,000 for the purchase of Ericsson's destroyer. The boat certainly ought to become the property of the Government, as it is the type of a new and terrible species of war vessel whose employment in warfare promises to work as signal a revolution in naval armaments as did the same inventor's Monitor.

The Fight in New Jersey.

The senatorial fight in New Jersey began again to-day (Wednesday). We really think that the pospects indicate the election of Governor Leon Abbett. The Democrats on joint ballot, will probably have two majority over the Republicans. To secure this majority, however, they must include Turley, who manipulated his election over E. W. Haines by the boldest fraud. Haines, who is the rightful member, at one time lived in this vicinity, and then did not have the best reputation under the sun. But if he was really elected he should be given his seat, notwithstanding what his character may be. The democrats, however, to accomplish a result favorable to themselves, will not hesitate to connive at fraud.

General Sewell and William Walter Phelps are the Republican candidates, the former being the most prominent. There are one or two votes which are pledged to other parties and it is said that whenever either Mr. Sewell or Mr. Phelps knows certainly that his rival Republican candidate can command any of these votes he will retire. In this alone lies the possibility of a Republican being chosen. Of course, we will be very glad if a Republican shall prove to be successful.

It is said that temporary success of the Democrats at this time will eventually result in Republican strength; because such success will be accomplished only by the fraud used in giving Turley his seat in the House, and the people will be so indignant at such action as to make the next legislature preponderatingly Republican.

That Pension Veto

Again Mr. Cleveland has chosen to affix his veto to a pension bill. The dependent pension bill, as we understand it, was one granting pensions to all soldiers in the late rebellion who have reached a certain age. But Mr. Cleveland interposes his objection. He says the bill does not fix the age late enough in the lives of the soldiers and the meaning of the bill is difficult to comprehend—that its provisions are liable to various constructions. So far as the principle is concerned of pensioning all soldiers, it is certainly commendable. It seems to us that the requirement as to age is better determined by the gentlemen who passed the bill than by Mr. Cleveland himself. The construction of the bill, also, is a matter which should be left to the legislators. The construction or interpretation of laws is the province of the courts, not of the President.

The vetoes of these pension bills do not come with good grace from Mr. Cleveland. If a President who had himself experienced the horrors of war should so arbitrate in these important matters it would be in better taste. But for Cleveland, who for some reason did not consider it expedient to go to war and fight for his country, to say that soldiers should not receive pensions, is arrogancy personified.

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER, it is again said, is to become an actress. This same thing was said before, but Mrs. Potter contradicted it. Of course, Mrs. Potter should be the best authority on that subject The reasons given at present why it is supposed that the lady it to "go on the stage" are two in number. First, she is taking lessons from Mlle Bartel, a famous French actress; and, second, Worth is making several marvelous costumes for her. Neither of these reasons seem to be conclusive and consequently the public anxiety on the important subject will continue. To those who may ask—"Who is this Mrs. James Brown Potter?" we will reply. She is a beautiful and rich New York woman, who evidently desires to create a great sensation.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT CARPENTER, of the St. Paul road, has sent a circular to all passenger agents saying: "The inter-state commerce law, which goes into effect on March 31, 1887, forbids the issue of passes or the making of reduced rates to other than bona fide railroad employes. Therefore, from this date you will not issue nor recommend the issuance of annual, season, trip or mileage passes or half-fare permits to any person on any account who does not come under the head of railroad employes for any person beyond March 31, 1887." This cuts off families of railroad employes, also newspaper men, hotel and theatrical people, etc.

Very Sensible.

We cordially endorse the subjoined remarks from the Altoona *Times*: It seems strange that the Pennsylvania Legislature has never succeeded in giving force to the act known as the $300 law and intended for the protection of the families of poor debtors. We understand that attempts have been made to amend the act so as to make it strong enough to withstand a judgment exemption note, but nothing in that direction has yet been accomplished. The $300 law was not intended for any other purpose than to protect women and children from being deprived of the actual necessaries of life, and it will never be able to do that until it is set higher than notes of exemption. Only last Friday an East Side storekeeper who held a judgment exemption note for a small store bill which the debtor was not paying off as fast as the merchant desired, made a levy upon the poor man's household goods, at his residence on Eleventh street, and on Saturday removed them from the house. The articles taken were stoves, beds, carpets, etc., being the most necessary to the family at the present time on account of the severity of the weather. Kind neighbors, who could not see the mother and children in such distress, invited them to their own homes and the same day enough of household articles were contributed by the same neighbors to enable the family to remain in their house. Further assistance will be rendered, as many offers have already been made, and in the end the cruel legal proceeding made prove not an unmixed evil. But why should our laws remain so lame on this particular point? A man should not be allowed to waive rights which are not his alone but rather that of his dependent wife and children. If our members of the Legislature would devote their energies toward securing legislation to remedy this great wrong they would indeed be public benefactors.

A Call for the G. A. R. Post.

Gregg Post, G. A. R., of this place, really needs the money which it hopes to raise by the restaurant and illustrated sciopticon lecture on Washington's Birthday. The Post has many calls on it for aid, and it is natural that soldiers who may be in need should go to the Post before they apply elsewhere for what they want. Without doubt, the funds in the possession of the Post are judiciously used. We are assured by a leading member of the organization that the stated dues do not suffice for the urgent calls made upon its beneficence. By largely patronizing these entertainments the Nation's defenders can be partly repaid for what they did. Gratitude to these comrades is a sentiment which never should fade from our bosoms. Again we remind our readers that Gregg Post has taken this day (when we celebrate Washington's birth) for its own. Other objects appeal to us at other times, and the Post requests a benefit for itself on that day. We have no doubt that the coming entertainments will be the most successful in its experience. They will be well worth the price and will furnish food for mental and physical necessities,

THE following sensible remarks regarding all prospects of a war in Europe are from the *Catholic Review*: The future abroad looks dark enough, and there are people here who would welcome a war in Europe, for the reason that such a war would "help things" over here. But no humane mind and heart could welcome so great a catastrophe on such a ground. Would war "help things" over there? We have had our own fill of war. Our civil war cleared up a great question, but not at a cost to contemplate with a smile. A few extra dollars in our national pocket would hardly compensate for the suffering and loss entailed upon people by such a war as Prince Bismarck proposes. Whatever power we can exercise as a nation should be used to the utmost in the sense of peace, as it is exercised towards rational and Christian liberty. It is just for such liberty that the German people are fighting to-day. The sword of Brennus should not be allowed to turn the scale of natural and national rights. The whole world should stand up against such barbaric doctrine.

WE are pained to observe that an attempt is now being made by some of our contemporaries to flood the soul of the hotel clerk of the period with envy by reproducing an item from a foreign newspaper containing the information that "the most magnificent sapphire in the world is the property of a noble Russian family." What is the sense of needlessly causing a fellow creature unhappiness? The item should be suppressed.

No Montana in Our Dish.

If we do go to the West we will not visit Montana unless it be on the Fourth of July. If the people up there are enjoying themselves this winter they can find pleasure anywhere. Ugh! it makes one shiver only to think of it. Snow, snow everywhere, with just a patch of ice here and there to relieve the monotony. It is from five to fifty feet deep and will take all next Summer to melt. Coal is $60 per ton and probably furnishes a cold blaze at that. People have burned up all their fuel and are now cutting up fences and barns for fire. Isn't that jolly! It is said that the cattle are dying by thousands and all of them are suffering.

No, we don't care to be frozen, so we wont go to Montana. They say that to freeze to death is about the easiest way to rid oneself of mortal existence and when our time comes to "go hence" if we receive a week's previous notice, and are able to travel, we may take a notion to go there for that purpose. But while we still are favored with a few moments in which to live and breathe we will endeavor to seek a more congenial clime. For the present, it is encumbent upon us to remain in full view if Lawrence Brown's coal yard, and we are abundantly content to read about and not try any climate less moderate than this. If we go anywhere, for climate's sake, it will be Los Angelos, California. There's where some of "The Angels" live, you know, and it is just as well to get acquainted with our future companions before we go to where the great majority of them reside.

Go Slow.

There is no use of being extravagant in this matter of providing navy and fortifications. Some of the bills introduced involve a needless outlay of money. With a judicious expenditure of $30,000,000 the best navy and defenses in the world are at our command, and we have the money to pay for it.

Wonderful improvements have been made in arms and munitions during the past two decades of years, which makes the present a good time to provide the best at reasonable expense. It is not probable that similar progress will be made during the next two decades and consequently the United States will continue the best armed nation in the world. But $30,000,000 is sufficient—one half for ten strong war ships and the other half for defenses at our principal seaports.

This will be a peace measure. If we are prepared to fight nations will be the more careful not to offend or attack us. Thrice armed is he who has his quarrel just.

New System For Heating Their Cars.

"This last accident involving the loss of life of Pullman car passengers," said General Eastern Superintendent Robert Barry, of Pullman's Palace Car company, in Philadelphia on Monday, "necessitates a change in the method of heating our cars. We have given the subject a great deal of attention, and it will not be long before we shall have our cars heated in such a manner that the lives of our passengers will no longer be endangered by fire, and such horrors as this Vermont affair be impossible."

A Customs Officer Outgeneraled.

The Detroit *Free Press* relates the following story of a woman with a bundle who crossed the St. Lawrence river from Ogdensburgh to Prescott and refused to inform the customs officer of the contents of the package. Thereupon the officer seized the bundle and the woman left in great anger. When the officer opened the package he found a live baby in it with a slip of paper pinned to its dress that read: "Please care for my boy, and when he grows up make a custom officer of him—if he isn't too smart."

THE polite greetings which the natives of Kentucky exchange are beautifully illustrated by two telegrams from different parts of that state on Sunday. One, from Danville, says: "On Friday Frank Burns and Daniel Graham quarrelled on the pike, three miles north of town, and Graham shot and killed Burns." Another from Lexington reads: "During a quarrel at Yosemite station on Friday G. M. Holland shot and fatally wounded Abe Minks." Isn't it delightful to live where you meet people who, instead of saying "Good morning!" whip out a pistol and give your body the benefit of its contents.

GENERAL NOTES

An Ionia (Mich.,) man owns a turkey which has been trained to draw a sled.

The Maine legislators want their salaries raised from $150 a session to $4 a day.

A colony of 100 Catholic families from Canada is about to be established in Snohomish county, Washington Territory.

There are about 100 gypsy families in winter quarters at Buffalo, and about every tribe in the United States is represented.

A fine railway bridge is being put across the Judus river, at Karachi, at which place the river is a mile wide at low water.

A bill now being considered by the Nevada Legislature disqualifies from holding office any one who is a victim of strong drink.

There are said to be over 50 applicants for the position of President of the Nevada University, in case of $5,000 salary is voted by the Legislature.

A Brooklyn woman eloped from her husband the other day, taking besides a male companion some valuables and a parrot. The talk of the parrot led to their recapture.

Farmers of Pleasant Valley and Hyde Park, in the vicinity of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., are organizing parties to exterminate packs of wild dogs which are preying on their stock.

The Albany day line's boat, the Daniel Drew, will be provided with a new pattern of paddle wheels with feathering buckets. It is hoped in this way to make the boat the fastest on the river.

Rules at the Washington Territory Penitentiary require the hair on the right side of the head to be shaved off, while that on the left side is allowed to remain in its normal condition.

Two very ancient skeletons, supposed to antedate the present aborigines, have been unearthed two miles north of Tucson, Ari. They were in a sitting position and encased in a wall of boulders.

On the outer door of the law office of Briggs & Clark, in Battle Creek, Mich., is posted this: "Briggs in Washington, D. C.—direct in care of Grover Cleveland; Clark in Marshall—direct in care county jail."

A great many society women in New York now take long walks for health's sake. There is a large number of ladies who allow no bad weather, short of a rain storm, to prevent them from taking their daily morning constitutional.

Johnnie Williams, of Pensacola, while out hunting last week, took deliberate aim at what he thought to be a bird in the bushes, and filled the face and neck of a negro with fine shot. For a $2 note the darkey signed a contract agreeing to forego his right to prosecute.

Fishers near East Liverpool, O., thought the other night they had a whale on their line. It turned out to be a spoon fish of gigantic size, with a body seven feet, five and three-fourths inches long, and with a spoon bill about three feet, two and one-half inches in length.

One of the most expensive works architects have now in hand is the new Congress Hall for Buenos Ayres. This is to cost $10,000,000, and to be built in four years. It is to be in the Renaissance style, its dimensions being 1,200 by 900 feet. The site covers 20 acres in the best part of the city.

The Vetra Madre silver vein, in Mexico, is at some places 200 feet wide, and has been opened at various points for a length of 8 or 9 miles. It is estimated that $6,000,000 worth of ore is at present produced from it per year. The Valenciana mine on this vein has averaged $500,000 a year for fifty years.

Heinrich Heine admitted that to the Bible he owed most of his inspiration. "I have come back," he wrote in 1880, "to the Old Testament. Its form is more remarkable to me than its contents; its language is, so to speak, a product of Nature—like a tree, like a flower, like the sea, like the stars, like man himself!"

Mr. and Mrs. William Goose, of Jeffersonville, Ky., have just celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage. They still live on the farm where they settled when they went to housekeeping and where their nine children were born, the eldest now 59 years old. They have 35 grandchildren living and 19 great-grandchildren.

A few mornings ago Mrs. McGowan, a married woman, 39 years of age, started from Perth for London, wheeling a perambulator containing her infant 8 months old. Her departure was witnessed by a large crowd, and a sum of money was presented to her. Mrs. McGowan, who is a strongly built woman, is to wheel her perambulator back from London to Perth. The roads are at present very heavy.

The chief officer of the schooner S. M. Bird, from Cardenas, reports that on the 3d inst., in latitude 53, 49, longitude 76, 50, he passed several schools of mackerel with gannets and gulls hovering over them. It is said that mackerel were never seen before during the winter but once, and that time by the same schooner in about the same position three years ago. The United States steamer Fishhawk has vainly endeavored to locate the schools.

THERE are many queer things going on at Harrisburg, when the legislature is in session.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.* Will you please explain to us what the "queer things" are. If you mean that the members indulge too freely in the "ardent" there is nothing queer about that.

Our Story T

THE HAUNTED ROOM.

[Continudd.]

CHAPTER III.

"Will you come for a ride this afternoon, Miss Lucas? Cora is longing for a gallop," said Mr. Rossel, meeting me in the hall.

"I—I am afraid I can't," I stammered, taken by surprise, and blushing absurdly.

"Oh, yes, you can. I will make it all right about May. Where is the little pickle?"

"I—I cannot come, really, Mr. Rossel. Please do not say anything about it to May."

"Why cannot you come?" Then, with his manner altering suddenly: "Is it that you do not wish to?"

With my soul divided between longing for another life and delight giving gallop, and a mad resolution that he should never think I longed for his society, I answered confusedly:

"I would rather not. I—I would rather walk this afternoon, really."

"You would rather walk?" still using the same changed cold tone.

"Yes; I cannot ride with you, indeed."

"As you will," he returned, passing on, and hidden by the schoolroom curtains I watched him mount and ride off with Miss Rossel that afternoon, and I wept a few bitter tears ere I started for a walk with May.

But I had kept my promise. Miss Rossel would carry no tales to her aunt now, and Mr. Rossel could not laugh at my efforts to catch him.

While we were out May's mother passed in the carriage, and took the little girl up; and then, before I had gone more than a few yards farther alone, I met Mr. Laurence.

I deemed him a most uninteresting young man, but he was better than my own thoughts just then, so I tried to listen while he told me long tales about India, and by way of answering sympathetically, I said:

"How horrid it must be to have to live there!"

He looked surprised, and somehow disappointed.

"Should not you like to go to India then, Miss Lucas?"

"Indeed I should dislike it immensely."

"Most ladies like it immensely. It is a life full of gaiety and luxury," persuasively.

"I should be quite at sea with either the one or the other. And there are a great many flirtations and such things in India I believe, which are things most totally foreign to my tastes and capabilities. I should not do for that kind of life at all."

He looked at me with warm approval in his little beady eyes.

He had been very kind often since his introduction in making slow conversation for me, and I was grateful to him for it, inasmuch as it showed that he did not laugh at nor look down upon me as Miss Rossel had assured me the other men did.

"Flirtation is detestable, especially for a married lady. I am delighted to hear you speak so sensibly, Miss Lucas," he said warmly.

"Flirtation for a married woman!" I repeated. "Oh, I was not thinking of that. I think in that case it is more than detestable—it is wicked. In fact, I cannot imagine," considering the matter gravely to myself, "how a married woman can flirt."

"I wish all ladies in India thought like you."

He looked at me with increased admiration, and walked a little nearer to me.

"But if you had a quiet home in India with a—a devoted husband, should you dislike the life so much then?"

"I don't know," I answered carelessly. "What lovely holly-berries there are on that hedge, Mr. Laurence!"

"You have no home of your own now, have you?" he questioned.

And the foolish tears rushed into my eyes, as I answered with a bitter wave of homesickness breaking over me:

"I shall spend my holidays with my mother, but we are too poor to make it possible for me to live always with her as I should love to do."

Tears, I have been told, overpower many men.

Mr. Laurence, when he saw mine, suddenly seized both my hands, which unexpected action naturally stopped our progress.

"Your mother could live with you if you went out to India," he whispered insinuatingly.

"But I can't go out to India," I said.

"You can if you——"

Then he checked his words suddenly, and let go my hands, for he saw what I did not, and what the soft grass prevented our hearing—the close approach of two equestrians Mr. Rossel and his cousin Flora.

"So sorry to interrupt," said she archly, bending down from her horse *en passant*.

Mr. Rossel said nothing, but rode straight on with his splendid head held high, and when Flora leaned over and observed something to him, it seemed to me that he answered never a word.

"There are a great many unhappy marriages in the world," observed Mr. Laurence, as if stating a newly-discovered fact.

"Are there?" responded I negligently, as if it were one that did not concern me. I was thinking of that couple who had passed, wondering where they had been, and what they had talked about.

"Yes, and why? because people will marry for convenience—for beauty, for a passing fancy. That couple who have just passed, when they marry, as I suppose they will ——"

"Will they?" And my words sounded to me like a little cry of agony.

"Yes, I suppose so; they will add another to the list, for they have no sympathies in common.

"Now, when I marry, Miss Lucas," and he turned the whole force of his beady gaze upon me, "it will be someone whose opinions and tastes I know coincide with my own.

"Do you like reading, by the way, and walking, and flowers?"

"Very much, all three."

He looked satisfied.

"And I know you are musical. I could listen to your playing all day long."

"You are very kind."

"And you like riding in moderation? So do I. But the quiet of home-life is what you prefer to all dissipation or amusement?"

"Yes," I said fervently, thinking of my mother.

He gazed at me until I began to have some uncomfortable thoughts about mesmerism, and he kept silence so long, that I felt it my duty to make a little conversation.

"Are not the roads dirty!" I said interestingly.

"Do you often walk alone, Miss Lucas?" he questioned irrelevantly.

"Never. May is always with me; but today her mother took her into the carriage by chance."

"And is the child always with you in the schoolroom?"

"Always. I am her governess, you know."

"Yes, but you do not like being a governess, I am sure.

"Yes, for some things I like it very much," I said, coloring as I thought what those some things were.

"You have a contented mind," he said emphatically, "and if there is a thing I admire in a lady, it is a contented mind."

We had reached the garden, and were crossing towards the hall-door.

"When am I likely to see you again?" Mr. Laurence stopped me ere we entered.

"Oh, I don't know. I think I often see you somewhere or other."

"That is too vague. You will be present at the dance here on Friday?"

"Yes; Mrs. Rossel said I might come down to it if I liked."

"And you will like?"

In his impressiveness, or possibly because he felt a little tried by his walk—we had walked very fast, and he was very weak-looking—he rested one hand on my shoulder as he spoke. I shook it off as I replied:

"Oh yes; I have never been at a ball in my life. I shall come down just to see it."

"I ran up the steps, and inside the hall stood Mr. Rossel looking out somewhere, apparently over our heads.

I colored at sight of him—I always did, and I hated myself for it.

"Did you have a pleasant ride?" I asked, trying to speak in an airy manner.

"Yes, thank you. Did you have a pleasant walk?"

"Very, thank you."

And he and I exchanged no other remark until we met at the ball on Friday.

Miss Rossel was wondrously kind to me that day. She entered my room with a dress of her own on her arm, a lovely robe of pale green surah, but a tint in which my grey eyes and very dark complexion would look hideous, and she said:

"I have brought you a dress of mine, Miss Lucas, in case you have not one of your own good enough for to-night. Unless you are handsomely dressed at a ball you get no partners, you know."

"Thank you, but I don't expect many partners. I am coming down to watch more than anything."

"I think you will find that slow. However, you are pretty sure of one partner—Mr. Laurence," with a smile. "But now about this dress; it is too small for me, and you are quite welcome to it."

"You are very, very kind," I said gratefully. "But I have a very pretty ball-dress, as it happens, white crepe and wild roses; it is quite new, a friend of mine who had to go into mourning gave me it."

"And you would not prefer this?" shaking out its multitudinous flounces. "It is a lovely color."

"But it would not suit me," I replied with decision.

"Oh, do you study your appearance so minutely? I did not know."

"Everybody, I suppose, likes to look as well as they can at an affair of this kind," I replied apologetically.

"You are not looking particularly well today. Have you," looking at me keenly as she lowered her tones, "been having any more disturbed nights? I hope not."

"I had a fright last night again," I said, paling a little at the remembrance. "I did not see anything, for no light was lighted this time, but I heard distinct sighs, and some articles of furniture moved, and I am confident some one was in my room for a little time."

Her face grew grave as she regarded me.

"Poor girl! I wonder you can bear it."

"I don't think I shall be able to bear it if it often happens," I said with a shudder. "But don't let us talk of it, please. I try to forget it in the daytime, or I dare not go to bed, I think."

"Rats make extraordinary noises," she said meditatively; "but there are no rats in this house, I know for a fact."

"I have heard rats; these sounds are not caused by rats, Miss Rossel."

"Well, I only hope you won't hear them again, or at any rate see the horrid thing. It is if you see the ghost three times that the legend says—— Oh, but I must not frighten you! No, you are quite right—try and forget it."

"What happens if I see the ghost three times?" I asked, shaking in spite of myself.

"Oh, nothing to you, I hope," evasively. "Well, then, you won't have my dress? You think Mr. Laurence will admire simple white more."

"I think nothing at all about Mr. Laurence," with dignity.

"Don't you? He thinks a good deal of you. Hermon told me yesterday—and men can read each other pretty well, you know—that he really thought he meant proposing to you. And what a splendid thing it would be for you!"

I raised my head with a pride that was really a sharp keen pain.

"Is it such an astonishing thing that a man should propose to me that the chance of it should be talked over beforehand?" I asked bitterly.

"It is a very uncommon thing for a penniless girl in your position to marry a rich man. Governesses don't, as a rule, get the chance of good matches. Wealthy men will flirt with them and amuse themselves by paying them meaningless attentions, you know, but not propose, Miss Lucas."

"I don't know anything about it. I only know that I have no intention of marrying Mr. Laurence, or any other man, for money," I said, feeling that I could bear no more just then.

And perhaps Miss Rossel saw it, for she left me.

Dressed for the ball, it really seemed to myself that I looked quite pretty.

My dress, of soft feathery white, was strewn here and there with sprays of wild-roses; my brown hair was waved and dressed high on my head in thick coiled plaits.

My neck and arms were round and white, and so they needed not bracelets and necklets. I had no jewelry worth anything, and I would not wear common ornaments.

My white gloves and shoes fitted well; my cheeks had color in them; my eyes were bright; and the first thing I heard as I entered the room was a strange gentleman asking:

"Who is that pretty little girl in white, with roses? I must get an introduction to her."

I had come down to look on, I said; but I had no lack of partners.

Miss Rossel kindly brought up one or two men to introduce to me, and Mr. Laurence was absurdly attentive.

In the face of what Miss Rossel had just told me, I dared not encourage him. But, encourage or not, he hung about me, took possession of my programme when it was empty, and filled up space after space with his initials; kept entreating me to sit in the conservatory, and leading me to retired nooks in corridors and elsewhere, until I became positively afraid of him.

If he did propose, how awful it would be! But for his embarrassing attentions, and something else, I should have enjoyed the ball immensely, for I danced every dance; but the something else was the remarkably distant manner of Mr. Rossel.

Of course he had duty dances by the score; of course he was not going to pay public attention to his governess, but he might have just spoken kindly to her once.

In spite of my pretty dress and all the attentions I was getting, my heart began to ache very badly as the evening wore on, until suddenly—I was standing alone for a moment just near the conservatory door, buttoning my glove—I looked up, and met Hermon Rossel's eyes full upon me.

I don't know how I looked. I suppose my foolish face lighted up; I knew it colored, but he came across impulsively, and said:

"How are you enjoying the evening, Miss Lucas?"

"Fairly well, thank you."

"Only fairly well?" looking intently at me. I hung my head, and buttoned my glove afresh.

"Let me do that for you," he said taking my wrist in his hand, and it trembled beneath his touch I know, but I could not help it.

"You have not given me one dance to-night," he said resentfully. "There, will that do? Oh, it has come unbuttoned; I must do it again."

"You never asked me for one," I said, raising my eyes for an instant, but blushing again disgracefully.

"Well, I ask you now. Give me this waltz now beginning, will you?"

"I should like to, but I am engaged for it, I know."

"To whom? Where is he?"

"Just coming this way. I see him."

He drew me quickly behind a giant orangetree, and Mr. Laurence went by.

"Oh, Laurence," he said with a change of expression. "Of course you won't want to give me his dance. Shall I call him back to you?"

"No, don't," nervously playing with my fan. "I think I might give you one of his, if you really want it, because I have danced so frequently with him, and I am so sick of it," with a burst of confidence.

His face changed entirely, his smile lighted it up, and his eyes sought mine with a glance that utterly bewildered me.

"Come, then," he said, putting his arm round my waist, and with the first bars of music we started.

Oh, the delight of that waltz, with his perfect step, his perfect guidance. We floated round and round without jostle or hindrance, round and round in delicious harmony, till the music ceased, then I said:

"Oh, how charming!" with a deep-drawn breath. "Thank you, Mr. Rossel."

"Thank you. You dance charmingly indeed," he returned, as we went into the hall: "and," with a glance that I could not meet steadily, alas! for my silly beating heart, "you look very charming, too. But that, of course, you know."

"I did not know you thought so," naively.

"You knew Laurence did, I presume?"

"Oh, Mr. Laurence. Yes, I think he has been saying something about it, but he is rather given to compliments, I fancy. Some men are, you know."

"I know I am not." A pause then. He was fanning me gently and looking at me the while. "Why did you choose a walk with Laurence instead of a ride with me the other afternoon, Miss Lucas?"

"I chose a walk with him! Indeed I did not! I walked out with May, Mr. Rossel, and after her mother had taken her up in the carriage by chance, Mr. Laurence, by a still greater chance, overtook me. Oh, I hope you did not think we—I—it was arranged!" I cried, looking up at him beseechingly.

He smiled down at me.

"I am glad it was not—that is all," he said quietly. "Now, how many more dances are you going to give me?"

"I am awfully afraid," I said ruefully, "that my programme is nearly full."

"Let me look. Here are some illegible marks. Men have no business to write illegibly. I will write my name plainly over them—see, for that valse, and here again for this one. Now, you must not forget. Shall you forget?"

"But—but can you spare me so many dances, really? Have not you crowds of duty ones to do?"

"I have done crowds of duty ones. May not a man have a little pleasure during the evening?" he replied impatiently.

I was silent, bending over my flowers, and presently he asked softly:

"What is your christian-name, Miss Lucas? It is strange, but I don't believe I have ever heard it."

"No—no one calls me by it here," I said sorrowfully. "It is Millicent."

"What a dear little name? Just the pretty little name that suits you, Millicent," his tones lingering deeply and musically upon the one syllable. "I should like to call you by it," bending his handsome head a little nearer me. "I wonder if you will ever let me?"

My heart was throbbing so wildly, my pulses beating so fast, my brain so happily, madly whirling, that I could not have answered to save my life. I only picked my poor flowers to pieces, and before Mr. Rossel could say anything more, our *tete-a-tete* was broken by the entrance of another couple, and with a mutter of vexation he rose, and suggested we should return to the ball-room.

We had another dance together, perfect as the last, and I would not see Mr. Laurence's reproachful glances as I passed him, propped up against a door-post, and dancing with no one else. But just as Mr. Rossel and I quitted the ball-room after the valse ended, I heard Flora Rossel's voice at my elbow.

"Here she is, Mr. Laurence. Now I will carry my cousin off and leave you two to make it up. Quarrelling!—absurd children! Hermon, look at their faces. Now, Miss Lucas, I am sure you have punished Mr. Laurence quite enough for his slowness in finding you. I know he is slow, but he is sure—not to make a joke among his friends of your infatuation for him, after he has led you on to betray it," she whispered significantly into my ear.

I colored wildly—mortified, perplexed, taken by surprise, and ashamed.

"Do you want to make it up with Laurence?" questioned Mr. Rossel, suddenly looking at me quite differently from the way in which he had looked ere his cousin came on the scene, and I thought in my self-torture: "He only does pay me attention when no one is by. He does not want her to see it. I will not be made a plaything and a goose of," so I replied:

"I am sorry if I behaved rudely, Mr. Laurence;" and Flora laughed, as she took her cousin's arm and turned:

"Leave them alone, Hermon. Miss Lucas only fancied she had a grievance against him; I know she did not mean to punish him too much."

But Mr. Laurence stood looking very aggrieved, after the two cousins disappeared.

"I hope, Miss Lucas, I have not been forming a wrong opinion of you. I—it gave me the greatest pain, I can assure you, to think you could be, after all, a flirt."

"I am not the least atom of a flirt!" I cried indignantly. "For the rest," feeling my eyes filling with unreasonable childish tears. "if you have been forming a high opinion of me, you certainly have formed a very, very wrong one; that is all I can say."

"No, I cannot think my high opinion will prove wrong. Pretty girls do get their heads a little turned with flattery sometimes, I know, but I am sure you are sound at heart, Miss Lucas."

"I am sure my head is not turned, nor ever has been; and I am sure you know nothing about my heart," I responded snappishly. "Now, Please, if we are going to dance, let us go into the other room."

"I should like—ah! to have a little conversation with you first. I should like just to ask you one question," he said hurriedly.

In terror I hurriedly replied:

"No, I can't converse to-night; at a ball I think one should do nothing but dance, Mr. Laurence—I do indeed."

"You did not appear to think so just now, with Rossel," drawing up his little form stiffly.

"You and Mr. Rossel are two different people," I said with an attempt at a merry laugh.

"We are indeed. He is an incorrigible flirt, Miss Lucas; his cousin says so. And I—I do assure you when I pay attention, I mean it—I do indeed. I never flirted in my life," looking eagerly at me.

"Self-praise is no recommendation," I say severely, and so we began again to dance.

Mr. Rossel just devoted himself to his cousin for the remainder of the evening, and I heard many people remarking it.

"That will be a match, of course," said one.

"Are they engaged?" asked another.

"I think they must be this evening," said a third.

I only looked at Mr. Rossel once, and it was when he ought to have come across to me, for he had written his name down opposite that dance on my programme. But his eyes met mine with the calmest, coldest, most imperturbable expression, and then, instead of crossing to me, he bent over his cousin and whispered to her, his attitude most tender, his look most devoted, and I could only turn in the dazedness of my pain, and dance with Mr. Laurence, who stood by my side to claim the valse I would so gladly have defrauded him of.

CHAPTER IV.

Miss Rossel looked into the schoolroom next day, just as we were having tea.

"Give me some tea, please, Miss Lucas," she said. "How did you like the ball last night?"

"Very much indeed, thank you."

"Was it not charming? You looked very nice, white suited you. Run down to the drawing-room, May, for ten minutes;" and as the child darted off, she asked, taking a seat near me: "Well, now I want to hear, are you engaged? Don't mind telling me."

"I am certainly not engaged, Miss Rossel."

"Oh dear, then you are not as fortunate as I. I thought we might have congratulated each other."

I felt every atom of color leaving my face, but I spoke bravely, bending over the teacups the while.

"Are you engaged then? To—to Mr. Hermon Rossel, I suppose."

She nodded and smiled.

"Congratulate me, won't you?" bending her beautiful eyes to meet my poor dim ones. "Congratulate me, won't you, Miss Lucas? I think it is such a matter for congratulation. I am so fortunate—don't you think so?—to win the love—the whole deep devotion of such a man."

"I hope you will both be very happy," I faltered, with the room swimming round me, and the teacups dancing a jig before my fixed strained gaze.

"I am sure I shall. Could I help it with such a dear devoted lover? I don't think I shall be married just immediately though, unless he proves very impatient, but I dare say he will," smiling and putting down her teacup. "I must not desert him any longer now, for he hates every moment I am out of his sight; but I thought I would just run in, and tell you of my happiness."

"I hope you will be very happy," I repeated like one learning a lesson, and then as the door closed behind her, I buried my face in my hands.

The door opened again, but I thought it was May coming in, and I did not move; like an electric shock Mr. Laurence's voice fell upon me, as it said:

"Miss Lucas, Miss Rossel told me you were alone, and so I thought—— Why, what is the matter?" bringing his beady eyes to bear on my blurred face.

"Poor little thing! did I grieve you last night?"

"Indeed you did not," trying to get my countenance out of the light.

"But something did. There shall be no more of these misunderstandings," bringing his hand down upon the table with a force that rattled the unoffending teacups. "What I say I mean, and I say now that I love you, and ask you to be my wife, Miss Lucas. I do, indeed."

"Oh, Mr. Laurence, I wish you did not!"

Utterly confused and overwhelmed, I stood before this my first lover.

He regarded me most tenderly.

"Why do you say that?" he questioned, taking my hands and squeezing them. "I have not said this without due deliberation, I assure you. I know that we can be very happy together, and," with solemn determination, "we will be!"

"Oh no, we cannot—we will not!"

"Will not! Do you mean to say—— I fear I do not quite understand you," with a certain stiffness creeping over his tenderness.

"You—you make a mistake; we should not be at all happy together, Mr. Laurence," I stammered helplessly.

"I think differently," with a superior smile. "I never make mistakes, I assure you; it will be all right, dear," smiling condescendingly upon my perturbation.

"But I do not want to marry you," desperately.

His countenance assumed a hundred expressions, of which surprise—unbounded, incredulous surprise—was the dominant one.

"You do not want to marry me!" he echoed, as one who cannot have heard aright, and I hesitated for a moment.

Here was a chance of a home, indeed, and every comfort and luxury, for he was rich, I knew. And he had said I might have my mother with me, and my heart was so sore—so wretched now I could not stop on at Yoxley; and where could I go when I left it? Besides, if I accepted Mr. Laurence, would not that prove, as nothing else could, that I had not been infatuated with Flora Rossel's lover?

For a moment I hesitated, then my better nature triumphed. I would not marry a man I did not love—better the hardest work than that. I would not pretend a love I did not feel—better a thousand mistakes than that.

So I answered as quietly as I could:

"I am very sorry, indeed, Mr. Laurence, but I do not love you enough to marry you. Thank you very much for paying me such an honor, but we can never be anything more than friends."

"You astonish me," he cried angrily. "I thought we were in every way suited to each other."

"Perhaps we might have been," I answered drearily, "if everything had been different."

"How do you mean everything different?" he questioned sharply.

"If I had been different, I suppose," I said lamely.

"I am quite satisfied with you as you are," he said, coming near, and taking up my hands again; "I am, indeed, dear."

"But I should not be satisfied to marry you," I returned impatiently.

"Indeed! What do you wish to do—what are you wishing to have?" in dignified resentment.

"I wish for nothing but peace and quiet," I said with my lips quivering.

"You should have that with me—you should indeed. We would live most quietly even in India, and you should have your mother with you; you should have everything you wanted. And if you do not love me enough just now, you would soon get to do so. I am willing to risk it, dear."

"It would be too great a risk," I faltered. "For—for I tell you in confidence, Mr. Laurence, I do not love you, because before I saw you I learned to love someone else."

"But that someone else. You are not engaged?"

"He does not care for me, nor ever will. But oh, if you know anything about love, you must understand and—and pity me," I sobbed.

My tears melted him again.

He stroked my hand, murmured that he was very sorry, and hoped for better things, and then left me as May came skipping into the room.

I could not sleep that night. I left my light burning, and tossed restlessly from side to side, thinking—thinking—thinking, with burning and aching heart, the most unhappy person in the wide world it seemed to me.

I was not thinking about nor fearing the ghost, my other troubles had overwhelmed that one, and even when I heard the slow solemn clock on the stables strike twelve, the mystic hour brought me no fear—"the hour when churchyards yawn, and graves give up their dead."

But suddenly between me and the light of the one candle that was trying to illumine my room, passed a shadow.

Just for the moment I did not heed it, and then a quiver ran through me, as, turning my head, I saw a figure standing in the darkest end of the room, surveying me intently.

It was the same form I had seen once before, her long white dra[illegible] upon the floor, her one hand was raised to push back the masses of snowy hair from her brow, and there clasped in it I saw the gleaming dagger.

Her lips moved as if to address me, but no sound came; her eyes, gleaming with horrible brilliancy, seemed to hold and fascinate mine.

In the paralysis of terror I could not move hand nor foot; a cold perspiration broke out over me, my teeth chattered together, my head whirled, and my one conscious fear was that I should lose my senses, as slowly—slowly, still regarding me with that fixed awful gaze the ghost approached me.

With a last effort I closed my eyes to shut out the horrid sight, but I felt it coming nearer and nearer until it bent over me, and a something cold and dread touched my forehead; then I lay, I don't know how long, in a kind of swoon, only I don't think I ever lost remembrance of the terrible thing: and then, when I opened my eyes again, the room was empty and dark, my candle had been extinguished, the ghost had gone.

I sprang out of bed and tried my door. It was firmly locked as I had left it at night, with the key inside.

I struck a light and examined the cupboards—empty all—and then I resolved that I would leave Yoxley Hall.

I could not risk a third vision.

Whatever the legend said might be the consequence of the third one, I felt that I should die of fear if I saw it again.

So I sought Mrs. Rossel the next afternoon in the drawing-room, and I had got as far as "that I was very sorry to have to resign my situation; I liked everything very much but one thing;" and she had got as far as "she should be very sorry to lose me; I suited her well, and May was so fond of me, and she hoped we might come to some satisfactory arrangement still. What was my one grievance?" when visitors were announced, and saying hastily that she would hear all my troubles to-morrow, Mrs. Rossel turned to receive them.

As I crossed the hall I encountered Mr. Rossel, with a gun in his hand, and a beautiful setter at his heels.

He was going past as if he did not see me, when my pale cheeks and general unhappy air caught his attention, I suppose.

"You look very ill," he said gently. "Is anything the matter?"

"No," I said; then, determining to tell him the truth, that he might not think I was pining for his engagement, "Yes," I said.

"No—yes! What is it, Miss Lucas? Anything I can be of service to you in?"

Speaking very kindly, though decidedly stiffly, he opened the door of the library, and placing a chair for me by the fire, shut the door.

"Did you know you had a haunted room in your house?" I questioned abruptly.

"I have heard foolish rumors of such absurdity," he smiled.

"It is not absurdity. Did you know I slept in that haunted room?"

"No, I did not know that."

"But I do, and I have seen the ghost twice, Mr. Rossel, and heard her once besides. I saw it plainly last night, and that is why, I suppose, I look ill as you say. I nearly died of fright."

"You are nervous, some one has been frightening you. You must have another room at once. Why did not you change it after the first fright you had?"

"Governesses can't change about as they please in their employer's houses," I said bitterly.

"I hope no one smothers grievances in my house from such absurd notions," he said warmly.

"I will speak to Mrs. Howe, and have all orders given for your comfort at once. Will that put things right?"

He moved, and I thought meant to end the interview, but I stopped him for a moment.

"You don't believe I saw the ghost! You think my every word unworthy of credence," I said passionately.

"I don't believe there are such things as ghosts. For the rest, I don't think you can accuse me of believing you too little, Miss Lucas."

His haughty head went up, his cold stern gaze met mine steadily; one would have thought from his tone and expression that I had paid him meaningless attentions, and then calmly engaged myself to somebody else, regardless of his feelings, instead of the other way about.

"Thank you," I said weakly. "If you will let me have another room, I shall be very grateful."

"Of course you can have another room," angrily. "Why on earth did not you ask for one before? If women could only be open and aboveboard!" he added bitterly.

I did not understand his reproaches, so I gazed at him in a blank kind of way.

"Have you anything else to tell me?" he asked, meeting my glance suddenly.

"No, only that I am going to leave Yoxley presently."

"I know."

How did he know? He had not seen Mrs. Rossel since my interview with her.

"I hope you will be happy wherever you are," he added stiffly.

"Thank you; and I hope——"

I thought I ought to congratulate him on his engagement. I got as far as "I hope," then the words stuck in my throat.

"Yes?"

"I hope May will soon get another governess to—to suit her and you all," was all I could manage.

"Thank you," was all he said, in such a tone of hauteur, and opening the door for me to pass through, he dismissed me in very truth.

As I sat in the schoolroom that evening, the housemaid came to me with a message from Mrs. Howe, the housekeeper, who had had orders, she said, to prepare another room for me immediately, but it was impossible that the room could be got ready before to-morrow. Did I mind sleeping one more night in my old room?

Mrs. Howe was evidently annoyed by her orders.

Sarah, the housemaid, on whom the work of fulfilling the orders would fall, was evidently annoyed too, so I answered feebly:

"No, it did not matter, to-morrow would do quite well;" and reflecting that the ghost never had appeared to me on two consecutives nights, I thought I could sleep securely for this once; but I should like more candles in my room, I said, and a fire lighted, if Sarah would be so kind.

I went to bed about eleven o'clock, but I never slept.

I heard it strike twelve, and half-past, and then as the last stroke died away, I heard something that sounded like a little click, and glancing into the mirror opposite my bed, I saw one of the cupboard doors at the end of my big room move, or I fancied so.

I grew hot, and cold, and trembling as I watched it; my fire was burning brightly, and I had lighted four candles, so there was little shadow in my room.

I could see the room-door without turning my head, and it was shut and locked as I closed and locked it every night.

I listened, but no sound save a coal dropping from the fire fell on the stillness.

That cupboard door was moving again—yes—surely, with a quick flashing swing, and then there stood the figure, tall, and white, and awful, with its head turned partly from me, but with its long, thin, shadowy hand, and the gleaming dagger it clasped, pointing towards me.

The third vision.

I muttered a little cry that died away in my throat as I fell back, fainting for the first time in my strong young life.

CHAPTER V.

I came back to consciousness in a dazed weak kind of wonder as to where I was, and what had happened.

What was this that was stifling and choking me as I gasped for breath? What was that burning heat, that lurid glare, as I opened my eyes?

What was that hideous crackling noise, those shouts and cries outside, I saw and heard as full consciousness returned to me?

It was fire!

Jumping out of bed I hurried on my clothes as best I could, forgetting weakness and everything else in the instinct of self-preservation, to escape from this blinding stifling smoke; but when I opened my door, my heart died within me, for between me and the stairs where the landing should have been, stretched a crackling, glaring abyss of smoke and flame.

No escape that way.

I shut the door hurriedly to keep out the flames, and then a low moan fell on my ear, and clinging to me with anguished eyes and blanched face of terror was Flora Rossel.

"Save me—save me!" she moaned. "Oh, forgive me, and save me!"

"Come to the window," I said throwing it open as she still clung wildly around me, then, revived by the momentary breath of air, I leaned out towards the crowd beneath. Some one in it saw me, and a murmur of horror arose.

"Save us, save us!" I shrieked, then bending down to Flora, who, mad with terror, crouched and moaned at my feet, I endeavored to raise her to the level of the window.

"Be quiet, be quiet!" I said; "we are going to be saved. Stand up and be ready. A ladder is coming, look!"

A ladder with utmost difficulty was raised against the perilous wall, a man steadily and unhesitatingly, mounted it step by step, and the crowd below held their breath in watching, and only the crackling noise of the burning timber, as the flames leaped in their demon joy about it, was heard.

The man came close to our window, and even in that supreme moment my heart throbbed faster when I saw him to be Hermon Rossel.

"Come outside the window. Trust yourself wholly to me, my darling. I will save you," he said in his usual quiet voice, but an impassioned ring in it thrilled my pulses even then, and even then I thought of what it would have been to me if that ring had been meant for me.

[*To be Continued.*]

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
WILL CURE
HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
DYSPEPSIA
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
MALARIA
CHILLS AND FEVERS
TIRED FEELING
GENERAL DEBILITY
PAIN IN THE BACK AND SIDES
IMPURE BLOOD
CONSTIPATION
FEMALE INFIRMITIES
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
The Genuine has Trade-Mark and crossed Red Lines on wrapper.
TAKE NO OTHER.

Miscellaneous.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Proprietors, Toledo, O.

P. S.—Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price 75 cents per bottle, Sold by all Druggists.

Brewster's Patent Rein Holder.

Your lines are where you put them—not under horses' feet. One agent sold 12 doz. in 8 days, one dealer sold 6 doz. in 15 days. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Write for terms.

E. E. BREWSTER, Holly, Mich.

VICK'S

FLORAL GUIDE.

If you are in want of Garden, send 10 cts. can be deducted from JAMES VICK, SEEDS or anything for the for above, which the first order. SEEDSMAN

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

18 9 1y

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common Blotch, or Eruption, to the worst Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, White Swellings, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands. Send ten cents in stamps for a large treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a treatise on Scrofulous Affections. "THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Thoroughly cleanse it by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution, will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs, is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages of the disease are reached. From its wonderful power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now celebrated remedy to the public, Dr. PIERCE thought seriously of calling it his "Consumption Cure," but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for consumption of the lungs, but for all

CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills, alternating with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy borebodings, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness." In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal.

For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Consumption, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy.

Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. Sold by Druggists.

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

Proprietors, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SIZE OF PELLETS

ANTI-BILIOUS and CATHARTIC. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents a vial.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption.

Dr. Sage's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," and Catarrhal Headache. 50 cents.

Canal Boatmen's Accounts.

A dispatch, dated February 8, from Huntingdon, says:

The suits of Messrs. Horn & Hatch, canal boat owners, against the Pennsylvania Canal Company, which are down for the trial at the next term of the Huntingdon County Court, have brought to light some interesting history concerning canal boatmen and their ways. It seems that canal boatmen along the Juniata river are extremely accurate accountants, each and every one of them keeping an exact record of the number of times his boat goes around; the exact length of time, in hours and minutes, that it remains aground; of when there is a low stage of water; of when the locks leak, or the acqueducts are in bad condition; of the number of times their boats have to be hauled into deep water; of the block and tackle necessary to accomplish the hauling of the boat into deep water, and of the effect of such an unusual strain upon the shoulders of their horses. The loss of tonnage by the reason of the low stage of water is accurately kept, and the loss of money computed therefrom.

At the end of six years [if any longer time were taken the subject would be outlawed], the total amount of the money due them by reason of the causes mentioned, is carefully computed on a basis of $24 a day, or $1 an hour, and a claim for the full amount, with interest, is made upon the canal company. The matter finally reaches the courts, where, in almost every instance, twelve men, "tried and true," give damages against the canal company. Thomson Barnes, in 1865, in a Philadelphia court, assisted by his attorney, Mr. Hirst, introduced this novel plan of obtaining damages; and in the years since, the damages obtained would average about $1,000 a year.

In 1873, Mr. Adolphus Patterson, on account of his ownership of two boats, was awarded $16,000 damages, this being the greatest sum which has yet been allowed.

A Sweet Voice.

There is no power of love so hard to get and keep as a kind voice. A kind hand is deaf and dumb. It may be rough in flesh and blood, yet do the work of a soft heart, and do it with a soft touch. But there is not one thing that love so much needs as a sweet voice to tell what it means or feels, and it is hard to get and keep it in the right tone. One must start in youth and be on the watch night and day, at work, at play, to get and keep a voice that shall speak at all times the thought of a kind heart. You often hear boys and girls say words at play with a quick, sharp tone, as if it were the snap of a whip. When one of them gets vexed you will hear a voice that sounds as if it were made up of a snarl or a bark. Such a voice often speaks worse than the heart feels. It shows more ill will in tone than in words. It is often in mirth that one gets a voice or a tone that is sharp, and sticks to him through life and stirs up ill-will and grief, and falls like a drop of gall on the sweet joys at home. Such as these get a sharp home voice for use, and keep their best voice for those they meet elsewhere. I would say to all boys and girls "Use your guest voice at home." Watch it day by day as a pearl of great, for it will be worth to you in days to come more than the best pearl hid in the sea. A kind voice is a lark's song to a hearth and home. It is to the heart what light is to the eye.—*Jewish Messenger.*

All Sorts

Did you ever hear a wood tick?

The absent party is always faulty.

Weather points—The coal dealers.

It is as natural to die as to be born.

It is no easy thing to trifle gracefully.

Not a windy affair—Meeting a draft.

To a busy man time flies very rapidly.

Spring, gentle spring, will soon be here.

No profit grows where no pleasure is taken.

Man, when instructed ceases to be superstitious.

It is the lone association that bothers many old maids.

A cyclone is like three schools walking abreast—it doesn't turn out for anything.

An exchange says the Jersey cow is making her way into France. That's what comes of not having a good fence.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH, a new book by Dr. John H. Dye, one of New York's most skillful physicians, shows that pain is not necessary in childbirth but results from causes easily understood and overcome. It clearly proves that any womam may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. It tells how to overcome and prevent morning sickness, swelled limbs, and all other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians everywhere as the wife's true private companion. Cut this out; it will save you great pain, and possibly your life. Send two cent stamp for descriptive circular, testimonials and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Maryland.

Miscellaneous.

KASKINE,

(THE NEW QUININE.)

No BAD Effect.
NO HEADACHE
NO NAUSEA
NoRinging Ears
Cures Quickly
Pleasant, Pure.

A POWER UL TONIC

that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC for MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

and all Germ Diseases.

"Bellevue Hospital, N. Y., "Universally successful."

St. Francis Hospital, N. Y. "Every patient treated with Kaskine has been discharged cured."

The U. S. Examining Surgeon Dr. L. R. White, writes: "Kaskine is the best medicine made."

Dr. L. M. Glessner, 360 East 1 1st St., New York City, has cured over 200 patients with Kaskine after quinine and all other drugs had failed. He says: "It is undoubtedly the best medicine ever discovered."

Prof. W. F. Holcombe, M. D., 54 E. 25th St., N. Y. (late Prof. N. Y. Med. College) writes: "Kaskine is superior to quinine in its specific power, and never produces the slightest injury to the hearing or constitution."

Rev. James L. Hall, Chaplain Albany Penitentiary, writes that Kaskine has cured his wife, after twenty years suffering from malaria and nervous dyspepsia. Write him for particulars.

Thousands upon thousands write that Kaskine has cured them after all other medicines had failed. Write for book of testimonials.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1.00 per bottle

Sold by JAMES HARRIS, Druggist, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., N. Y.

19 4 4t

WORK FOR ALL. Permanent employment given to energetic men and women everywhere. 30 a week and expenses paid. Samples worth $5 and all particulars sent free. Address at once P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. *Don't miss this chance. Write to-day.* 19 4 4t

FARMS on James River, Va., in Claremont Colony. Illustrated circular free. J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Virginia. 19 4 4t

FIRST CLASS INVESTMENTS.

And LOANS. Five hundred dollars and upwards. Send for Pamphlet No 2. Best references. FARNAM, PERKINS & CO., Duluth, Minn. 19 6 4t

AGENTS WANTED [Samples FREE] for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful ELECTRIC CORSETS, BRUSHES, BELTS, Etc. No risk, quick sales. Territory given, satisfaction guaranteed. Dr SCOTT, 841 Broadway, N. Y. 19 6 4t

LADIES. Enamel your Ranges twice a year, top once a week and you have the finest polished stove in the world. For sale by all Grocers and Stove dealers. 19 6 4t

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

the popular favorite for dressing the hair, Restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS.

The safest, surest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, &c. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Never fails to cure. 15 cents at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., N. Y.

19 6 4t

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE.

For Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. Office 831 Arch street, Philadelphia. $1.00 per bottle, 6 for $5 00, at Druggists. Try it

19-3-1-y

RUPTURE Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Ease at once. No operation or business. Thousands of cures. At Keystone House Reading, Pa., 2d Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free. 19-3 1-y

AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE

After all others fail consult

Dr. LOBB

329 N. 15th St., below Callowhill, Phila., Pa.

20 years experience in all SPECIAL diseases. Permanently restores those weakened by early indiscretions, &c. Call or write. Advice free and strictly confidential. Hours: 11 a. m. till 2, and 7 to 10 evenings.

j29 6m

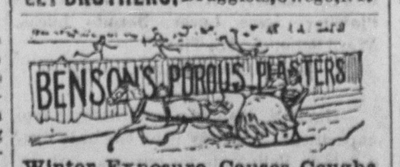
CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into nostrils is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head. Allays inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N.Y.



Winter Exposure Causes Coughs,

Colds, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache and other ailments, for which Benson's Capcine Plasters are admitted to be the best remedy known. They relieve and cure in a few hours when no other application is of the least benefit. Endorsed by 5,000 Physicians and Druggists. Beware of imitations under similar sounding names, such as "Capsicum," "Capsicin" or "Capsicine." *Ask for Benson's and take no others.* Examine carefully when you buy. All druggists.

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Proprietors, New York.

19 6 4t

Miscellaneous.

Important Notice!

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GALVANZED and PLAIN WROUGHT IRON PIPE,

CAST IRON,

TERRA COTTA

DRAIN PIPE,

FITTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

plumbing and steam fitting, light and heavy castings and general machine work,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

)o(

Agents for

CUSTER CO.

)FOR THE(

LANSING WAGON.

Every wagon warranted and sold at a fair price. Call and see us at

THE LOGAN FOUNDRY,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

[BUCK & BUSH.]

18 26 tf

CHRISTIE'S

School of Business,

Kreamer's Commercial Building,

CORNER MAIN AND MILL STREETS,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

This institution is devoted to the specialty of imparting business knowledge, and to qualifying the young and middle aged of both sexes by new and practical methods for the responsible duties of business life. Rates moderate. Advantages superior. For particulars address

A LECTURE to YOUNG MEN

On the Loss of

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ *This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St., New York, N. Y. P. O. Box, 450

18 43 1y

W. P. Duncan & Co.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machiner

16aS19-1f

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT

BookBindery.

The Only Book Binding Establishment in Centre County.

We have purchased an entire new outfit for the Book Binding business, and have engaged one of the

BEST BINDERS

in the State, MR. JOHN LINGLE, late foreman of the Patriot Book Bindery of Harrisburg, and are therefore prepared to bind all kinds of

BOOKS,
PAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
BLANK BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
LAW BOOKS,
HOTEL REGISTERS,
&c., &c., &c

POCKET-BOOKS, HYMN BOOKS TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS LETTERED.

Old Books Re-Bound.

All binding will be done at our establishment. No work will be sent away for binding. You can thus save the express charges and commission.

All Work Guaranteed.

ADDRESS THE

CENTRE DEMOCRAT BOOK BINDERY

HARRIS BLOCK,

Bellefonte Penna.

17 41

Professional Cards.

LAND SURVEYING. Grateful to the public for past favors, I shall continue in the business, and shall endeavor to give satisfaction to all my patrons. Office with D. F. Fortney, Esq., in Conrad House.

JAMES D. GORDON, Bellefonte, Pa.

18 11tf

E. R. CHAMBERS, Attorney-at-Law. Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond. All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 tf

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER

HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. F. Wilson. [a4'71-tf

PATRICK O'FARRELL, Attorney at Law, WASHINGTON, D. C. Solicitor of Patents, Claims and Pensions. Increase of Pensions a specialty. Officer's muster corrected, Back pay collected. Soldiers who have lost their discharges can obtain new certificates. Charge of DESERTION removed. Question blanks, instructing parties how to state their cases, furnished free. Write for information. 17 35 tf

Banks and Bankers.

R. C. HUMES, Pres't..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v621-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 8-1t

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.

Office over Lyon's store on Allegheny st.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch)

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A HUTTON Proprietress

14-9tf

PERCHERON HORSES.

My recent importation of Percheron horses, together with my present stock of nearly 100 head, make one of the most desirable studs in this country to select from. All stock recorded, with pedigree, in Percheron Stud-Books of France and America. Took 27 prizes and gold medal at last two N. Y. State fairs. Send for Catalogue. Station ENTRANCE, on Southern Central R.R. JOHN W. AKIN, Scipio, N. Y. Box 26.

31 23

F. P. GREEN.

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER

Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

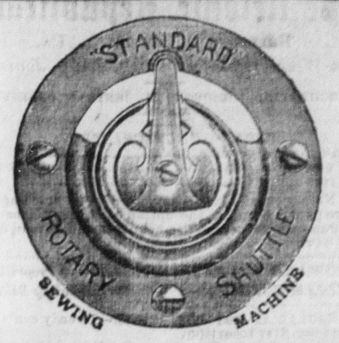
GROCER,

61 High treet,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Miscellaneous



Marvellous Sewing Machine Invention!

Wonderful Blessing to the Ladies!

The Continuous Rotary Motion!

MAKES WORK

Twice as rapid as on other machines.
Twice as easy as on other machines.

Genuine Improved Bent Wood Work.
Beautiful and Practical Attachments.
Send for descriptive circular.

C. C. EMMONS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wholesale Dealer for Western Pennsylvania and Western Maryland.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 8, 1886.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following ARMANCEL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President*, *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

8-1f

OPENS TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

$500 A YEAR. $125 QUARTERLY.

WITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE'S ACADEMY

For Young Men & Boys, Media, Pa

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No furnishing. No examinations for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Seventy-five fitted at Media Academy are now at Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic schools. 16 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 16 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasiums and Ball Ground. 1500 volumes added to Library in 1885. Physical apparatus enlarged in 1883. All students board with the Principal. Excellent table. Boys may room alone. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M. [Harvard Graduate], Media, Pa. 18 35 1y

This space held in reserve for Savage & Farnum, until new "cut" is supplied.

SWAYNES

THROAT & LUNG TROUBLES CONQUERED BY SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY

SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE THE CHILDREN'S MEDICINE.

TO KEEP HEALTHY 1. EXERCISE DAILY 2. EAT GOOD FOOD 3. BE CHEERFUL 4. USE SWAYNE'S PILLS.

SWAYNE'S PANACEA PURIFIES SYPHILYTIC BLOOD.

LONDON HAIR RESTORER (ENGLISH) DR. SWAYNE & SON SOLE AGENT.

OINTMENT

THE GREAT CURE FOR ITCHING PILES & SKIN HUMOR

SYMPTOMS

Moisture, intense itching and stinging, most at night—worse by scratching—very distressing. If allowed to continue tumors form which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

Stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Sent by mail for 50 cts.

DR. SWAYNE'S MEDICINES OLDEST IN U. S.

PREPARED ONLY BY DR. SWAYNE & SON, PHILADELPHIA. SOLD BY Druggists

18 24 1y

Be llefonte Republican

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
Papers sent out of the county must be paid for n advance.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a ne for first insertion.
Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.
Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

Caused by the Flood.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 11.—A bad railroad smashup occurred this morning, about 1 o'clock, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad, just south of the city limits. A bridge gave way under an express train, but, luckily no lives were lost. The night express on the Cleveland and Pittsburg road left the Union depot on time shortly after midnight, with Conductor Louis Meyers in charge. It was composed of the locomotive, a baggage car, an express car, and a sleeper. It met with disaster at bridge No. 2.

The bridge was of iron, about sixty feet long and eighteen feet above the water. The heavy rains had swollen the creek that it spanned into a torrent, and it is supposed that the flood undermined the stone abutments. When the locomotive struck the bridge the engineer felt it tremble. He passed over it in safety, however, and the baggage and express cars went over the shaky structure without accident. The smoking car had only got fairly upon the bridge when it sagged downward, and with a sudden shock the train was brought to a standstill. Had the train been running at the regular rate of speed a terrible disaster would have occurred, but the engineer was going very cautiously on account of the flooded condition of the country.

The sudden jerk threw the locomotive and baggage and express cars over on their sides into the ditch. The engineer, D. Sterritt, and firemen, J. H. Himes, were thrown over the embankment and they rolled into the creek. The tender remained on track. The smoking car caught fast between the abutments and held, partly by the debris of the bridge, remained midway between the water and the level of the track. Only one passenger and a brakeman were in it, and they succeeded in climbing out without injury. Baggagemaster John Kenney was hurled violently against the side of the car when it went over, and he was seriously cut about the head. It is feared that he received internal injuries.

The express messenger was badly shaken up and escaped with a few cuts on his hands and arms. The first truck of the passenger car went over the edge of the abutment and rested upon the end of the smoker. It contained fifteen people, four of whom were ladies. Beyond a general shaking up and a bad scare no damage was done them.

Troops Moving.

BERLIN, February 13.—Baden advices report increasing arrivals of reinforcements. At Saarbruck a regiment of cavalry has been billetted upon the inhabitants; at Brisach four batteries of artillery have been stationed. There is constant movement of troops between Mets and posts on the frontier of Luxemberg. An order from the war office instructs men who are being drilled in the use of the repeating rifle to rigorously watch that their munitions are not squandered through the facile discharges of the weapon. The order further says that the repeating magazine rifle is only to be used when the enemy is at a distance of from 300 to 800 metres (in case of cavalry at 300 metres), and officers drilling reserves are instructed to bring the men to close quarters before permitting them to use the repeating rifle.

It is reported that Prince Bismarck is not inclined to favor the emperor's issuing an electoral manifesto, trusting that success is assured without the emperor being pledged to assurances of peace or threatenings of war. The Nachrichten Zetiung states that large quantities of materials for the construction of French barracks passed the frontier of Alsace between January 30 and February 5. Three hundred and seven truck loads of beams and planks have been sent to France.

At Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., February 10.—The water in the Susquehanna river has been rising slowly for the past two days and is now twenty feet above low water mark. Flats on the west side are covered with five feet of water. This afternoon the ice continued to run out but soon became gorged at Coxton. Just above Pittston an immense ice gorge has formed and the water is backing up. It is feared that, owing to the rotten condition of ice, this gorge will speedily break and come down the stream with terrific force.

Rough Weather In Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—The rain which had been falling in this city yesterday, turned into a driving sleet and snow storm last evening, and continued to prevail all night. This morning the temperature was 20 degrees above zero, with a strong wind prevailing. The telegraph wires are working badly in all directions and the local telephone service is entirely crippled over certain portions of the city. The telegraph services is such that only a few wires are working either at the east or northwest.

In New York.

NEW YORK, February 10.—Along the river fronts to-day there was no indication that any difficulty existed between the 'longshoremen and the railroad and steamship lines. At the railroad piers the loading of cars on the big floats was being carried on with regularity, and at the coastwise and southern port steamship companies all evidence of the recent struggle was obliterated.

The Appropriation Bills.

WASHINGTON, February 13.—The following is the status of the appropriation bills: The army bill is a law. The civil, pensions and postoffice bills have passed both houses and now await concurrence by the house. In the senate amendments for the adjustment of differences by the conference on the river and harbor, military academy, District of Columbia and agricultural bills have passed the house and are in the hands of the senate committee. The legislative, diplomatic and consular and naval bills await the action of the house. The deficiency and fortifications, this year, bills are yet to be reported by the house, Last year's fortifications bill is still in conference with little prospects of an agreement.

Created Some Surprise.

WILMINGTON, Del., February 13—At all the Catholic churches in this diocese during high mass this morning the pastors of their respective congregations read the pronunciamento of Bishop Curtis forbidding balls given with the intention of raising money for religious purposes, or the holding of picnics, fairs, excursions or entertainments of any kind for the benefit of anything religious or charitable, without the approval or consent of the bishop. The decree was received with some surprise and created considerable sensation,

Getting Ready.

BERLIN, February 14.—The Vossische Zeitung says that Emperor William will issue a manifesto on the 19th inst., and that the government hopes the lateness of its appearance will prevent its discussion by the press.

Herr Krupp has issued a stirring appeal to his 20,000 employes to vote for the Septennate.

A fort created at Cummersdorf, an exact replica of French frontier forts, was destroyed in forty-eight hours by the new explosive.

VIENNA, February 14.—Herr Tisza, the Hungarian premier, arrived here yesterday. After conferring with the Emperor, he attended a meeting of the council of ministers, which was called to consider the question of the earlier assembling of the delegations and the amounts of the credits to be asked.

The staff of the Steyr Rike factory has been quadrupled and work has been given to other factories. Repeating rifles cannot be supplied for the whole army until the end of May.

LONDON, February 14.—At St. Petersburg dispatch says that China is massing troops in Kashgar and Kuidja, and that thirty thousand men are already assembled in those districts.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Paris papers continue to publish details of movements of German troops in Alsace, vouching for accuracy of their statements.

MADRID, Feb. 14.—A large number of men are employed in strengthening the fortifications of Cadiz.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 14.—The czar is reported to have said: "The Panslavist agitations are antagonistic to the great Russian policy, and has assisted in entailing the Bulgarian confusion. Panslavism cannot be identified with the monarchial policy, to which it is opposed in many respects."

Secretary Manning Resigns.

WASHINGTON, February 14—Secretary Manning, accompanied by Mrs. Manning, Miss Manning and Robert L. Fryer, left Washington this afternoon for Albany. The precise object and contemplated length of his visit are not known, but it is said at the department that he has gone on private business and will return at the close of the week. While it is impossible to get any definite information in regard to Mr. Manning's intention, it is generally believed that he will not leave the department until after the adjournment of congress.

LATER—It has since been learned that Mr. Manning called at the white house this afternoon and placed his resignation in the hands of the president, to take effect on the appointment and qualification of his successor. This action is taken in order to allow Mr. Manning to accept the presidency of the Western National Bank of the City of New York. It is stated at the white house that no immediate appointment will be made to the office, and that Manning will continue to act as secretary for several weeks. It is known that the president parts with him with sincere regret and that he reluctantly consents to his withdrawal from the cabinet.

The Situation at Lyons.

DETROIT, February 14.—An evening Journal special from Lyons, Mich., says: The ice gorge is frozen solid to a depth of from five to ten feet. The river is still flowing through Main St. and merchants are building trestleworks to their stores, only to find their goods frozen in the ice. The cold weather has settled the water nearly a foot, but made work almost impossible. The men working in the water are coated with ice. The first mails since last Wednesday arrived to-day, being carried across the gorge below. Families who were drvien from their homes without a change of clothing are returning in boats through the windows to find everything covered with ice

A Three-River special to the Journal says: The water began rising again on Saturday afternoon, and this morning it is six inches higher than the great flood of 1869. Men were at work all night on the Lake Share track, which is only saved from being washed out by the severe freezing

Important to G. A. R. Men.

MADISON, Wis., February 14—The following circular was issued to-day from the national headquarters of the Grand Army of the Republic signed by Commander-in-Chief Fairchild:

In view of the recent veto of the dependent pension bill and of the very great importance of that measure to many of our disabled comrades who need and are justly entitled to help, it is recommended that posts and comrades everywhere, by resolutions and letters, immediately inform the members of congress who are entitled to and will gladly receive their expressions of opinion of their approval or disapproval of the principles involved in the vetoed bill. Comrades are requested to move at once without waiting for the printed circular.

Kelly Will Catch for Boston.

CHICAGO, Ill., February 14.—Kelley, catcher of the Chicagos, has been released to the Boston club.

Ten thousand dollars was paid for Kelley's release, and he will be paid five thousand a year.

The Trade Dollar.

WASHINGTON, February 14.—The advocates of trade-dollar redemption believe that the bill as passed by the house on Saturday will eventually be accepted by the senate. They assert that an actual canvass of the senate shows that a majority favors disposing of the trade-dollar question this session, even if such action necessitates yielding to the house. A majority of the senate finance committee would, however, be opposed to the acceptance of the house amendment. From this committee the senate conferees will of course be chosen. One of them will undoubtedly be the chairman, Senator Morrill, and he is relied upon to yield to the house amendment rather than to jeopardize the bill. Senator Sherman, who will select the conferees, is opposed to the bill. These circumstances show that the result is doubtful, especially at so late a date of the session, but the chances seem to be in favor of the final enactment of the bill,

In a Deplorable State.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., February 14—Many prominent business houses here are in financial difficulties and a crisis seems inevitable. News from northern parts of the island represent things in a deplorable condition. The government has already sent thousands of barrels of flour to keep the people from starving, but the supply is altogether inadequate. The most northerly ports are now frozen in and it is impossible to send supplies there in time to save the people. It is truly said that the island represents to the world a most mournful spectacle, and its people are the most miserable of all the English colonists. Compared with them, the people of Ireland are happy, contented and prosperous.

They All Want to Serve

WASHINGTON, February 14.—It is stated at the white house that the president has before him between two and three hundred names of applicants and candidates for interstate commerce commissionships, but that he has not yet been able to determine finally upon a single name, and will not be prepared to make the nominations this week.

A Big Failure.

GALVESTON, February 15.—The wholesale dry goods and boot and shoe house of Black, Oppenheimer & Co., filed for record this morning the transfer of their entire stock, and also their business premises, in payment of obligations due to local creditors. These local debts aggregate $255,785, chiefly owing to banks and local capitalists who endorsed for the firm. The stock was invoiced and turned over at seventy cents on the dollar, aggregating $204,820. The building and fixtures were transferred at a net valuation of $2,000, less the mortgage The total liabilities of the firm will reach $750,000, nearly all of which, except that which is secured as above, is owing in New York. Over $500,000 is owing to H. B. Claflin & Co.

The members of the firm are Louis Block, Leopold Oppenheimer, Elsie Michael, Jacob Sonnentheil, and Silvion Lyon. Mr. Lyon is now in New York, where he has been since the first of January. It is stated that nearly all the eastern creditors are unsecured; also, that many book accounts and notes due the firm at the time of transfer are of doubtful value. The firm had been doing a poor business for the past three years.

Fitler's Majority.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—At midnight returns from fourteen of thirty-one wards of the city indicate the election of Fitler, Republican, for mayor by 25,000 majority. Clay, Republican, for receiver of taxes by eight or ten thousand and Warwick, Republican, city solicitor, from thirty to thirty-five thousand.

Complete returns from twenty-nine wards and estimates of the remaining two give Fitler for mayor nearly 28,000 majority, Clay for receiver of taxes 7,000, Warwick, for city solicitor, probably 36,000 majority.

Three Items from Greensburg.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Feb. 15.—John McAdams, a Pittsburg carpenter, while working upon a coal tipple at Loyalhanna shaft, near Latrobe, last evening lost his balance and fell to the ground below a distance of sixty feet, breaking his neck.

An unknown Hungarian was run over by a Baltimore and Ohio freight train at Everson last night and instantly killed, the cars completely cutting the unfortunate man in two.

A collision occurred last night at Painter Station, nine miles south of here, on the Southwestern road, between two freight trains, completely wrecking the two engines and demolishing nine cars.

Into the Rapids.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 15.—A special from Suspension Bridge to the Commercial Advertiser says: John Stever, a resident of Suspension Bridge, aged about 70 years, procured a ticket from the gatetender at the entrance of the railway at Suspension Bridge this morning about 10 o'clock, and after peering strangely over the railing jumped into the rapids, falling 190 feet.

Money Sunk in a Patent Churn.

ST. LOUIS, February 15.—A special from Lamar, Mo., says: The establishments of S. J. Sullivan, dealer in a patent churn of his own invention, in this city and in Harrisonville, Mo., have been closed under attachment. His liabilities amount to about $25,000. His assets are estimated at the same amount.

Struggle in Pottsville.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 15.—The municipal election was hotly contested in this city to-day, the Knights of Labor for the first time taking a definite part in the struggle. Frank Aller, democrat and Knight of Labor candidate, was elected chief burgess, defeating John Kolback, republican, by 250 majority. The Republicans elect a tax receiver and a majority of council members and school directors. No exclusively Knights of Labor candidate was elected.

Briefs.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., February 14.—Fire occurred last night in a house on Cedar street, owned by Louis Equi, an Italian, and occupied by his family and that of Peter Fechenay, another Italian. It was soon extinguished. Investigation shows that the building was saturated with kerosene and part of the furniture ready for removal. Each family accuses the other of starting the fire. The charges will be investigated.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., February 14.—Last week the heaters employed at the rolling mill of the Pottsville iron and steel company quit work, refusing to alternate on day and night shifts. Their places were filled by non-union men from abroad. The employes being Knights of Labor demanded the discharge of the new men. This was refused and to-day the entire force went on a strike. The strikers number seven hundred.

BALTIMORE, February 14—Rev. Dr. Kohut, of the congregation Ahbatah Chelsea New York city, was married in this city to-day to Miss Rebecca Bettelheim, daughter of Rev. Dr. A. S. Bettelheim, formerly of San Francisco. A number of the most prominent Israelites of this city were present, as well as several from New York.

WASHINGTON, February 14—There was a meeting of the house committee on foreign affairs this morning for the purpose of considering the report and bill prepared by the sub-committee, (Messrs Belmont, Clements and Rice,) to which was referred the fisheries bills. It is a stringent measure.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 14—The controller of the currency to-day authorized the Keystone National Bank, of Manheim, Pa., to begin business with a capital of $60,000.

PITTSBURGH, February 14—Nearly all the river miners resumed operations today, and about four thousand men are at work. Employment will be steady for several months.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Howard Schools.

HOW THE PUPILS IN THE GRAMMAR, INTERMEDIATE AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS ARE DISTINGUISHING THEMSELVES.

Report of the Howard Grammar school for the month ending January 21, 1887: Number of scholars enrolled, Males 20, females 23, total 43. Average attendance, males 18, females 20, total 38. Per cent of attendance, males 92, females 90, total 91, The following pupils did not miss a day during the month: Elsie Kline, Elsie Long, Sudie Holter, Elsie Bechdel, Amy Kline, Minnie Trafford, Hannie Holter, W. M. Lucas, E. E. Holter, Wm. Smith, J. F. Pletcher, Howard Pletcher, Homer Shoemaker, J. H. Tipton, and Edgar Bechdel. J. L. GARDNER, Teacher.

Report of Fannie D. Gardner, teacher of the Intermediate school, for the school month ending January 21, 1887: Whole number in attendance during month, 23 males, 28 females total 51. Average attendance during month, 21 males, 25 females, total 46. Average attendance during term until date, 19 males, 23 females, total 42.

Percentage of attendance during month 94 males, 93 females, total 92. Per cent of attendance during term until date, 92 males, 92 females, total 92.

Names of pupils not missing one day during month: Mabel Pletcher, Lizzie Tice, Bessie Hayes, Essie Hannon, Lizzie Holter, Mabel Riddle, Josie Holter, Alice Riddle, Maud Hopkins, Ada Heverly, Minnie Schenck, Mary Hoops, Harry Kaup, Harry Neff, Clyde Long, Malcolm Beck, Grant Sweyer, Charles Holter, Wm. Wagner, Christ Wagner, Thomas Pletcher, Walter Pletcher, DeMurt McKinney, Claud Counsil, Cyrus Tice.

School visited by Messrs. S. F. Kline, director, D. S. Dunham, Misses Elsie Long, Sallie Wistar and Santa Yearick.

Report of Primary school for 3d month No. of pupils on roll, males 25, females 18 total 43. Average attendance during month, males 22, females 16, total 38. Per cent of attendance, males 90, females 88, total 89. The following pupils were present every day during the month: Ettie Wyble, Jennie Wyble Mary Strunk Mabel Moore, Mary Weber, Ethel Ryan, Bower Holter, Allie Bechdel, Lewis Pletcher, Jesse Lucas, Bennie Lucas, Ward Schenck, Ira Tice.

CLARA KLINE, Teacher.

—Harry S. Hale is a candidate in two capacities. Not only is he the only candidate in Bellefonte for burgess, but he is also mentioned very prominently as a candidate for the colonelcy of the Fifth regiment. The other candidates are Lieutenant Colonel Garret, Major S. F. Stattler and Captain Burchfield. The election will be on Friday, the 18th. It promises to be very exciting. Mr. Hale, if elected, will be a capable officer and will make a magnificent appearance.

—A special meeting of the borough council was held on Monday evening. The object was to hear the report of the committee which was appointed to adopt a practical plan of fire protection. Among the suggestions which were adopted by the council was that to purchase 900 feet of hose. Three hundred feet of the hose are to be gutta percha at a cost of $1 per foot, less 10 per cent. for cash. Six hundred feet of hose are for the Undine Hose Company. It, we understand, is to cost 78½ cents per foot. The committee recommended that $100 be appropriated to any company of citizens who will organize a hook and ladder company. It was also suggested that an ordinance be adopted prohibiting the building of cornices on brick or stone buildings. The speedy erection of the Undine hose house was recommended, and also the placing of a fire alarm whistle on the electric station.

—John G. Elliot, of Lewistown, is said to be the oldest printer in the United States and perhaps in the world. "John of Lancaster" visited Mr Elliet the other day and in the course of an interview elicited some interesting facts. He was born at Lewistown in 1793 and served four years with Alexander & Philips of the Carlisle *Herald* in learning the printers' art. He founded the Juniata *Gazette*, now known as the Lewistown *Gazette*. He was in the war of 1812 and heard the sound of the guns when Perry won his victory over the British in Lake Erie. Among the people mentioned in history, whom he knew intimately, were Henry Clay, John W. Forney, President James Buchanan and Governor Snyder. Mr. Elliot's health is good. He speaks in a firm, loud voice and has grown old gracefully, his age now being 94.

—Gospel temperance meetings were in progress in Houtzdale for about three weeks, conducted by A. C. Rankin, of Pittsburg. These meetings closed on Sunday. Despite mud and rain most of the time, large crowds attended nightly and on Sunday night the opera house was packed; many were turned away being unable to find seats. One hundred and twenty three signed the pledge that night, making a total of 1,239 signers during the continuance of the meetings. It created the greatest temperance excitement ever experienced in Houtzdale and Mr Rankin leaves with the most flattering endorsements of all who heard him. It seems that Bellefonte is the only place in which Mr. Rankin was not very successful.

—Rev. J. Benson Akers will be the reporter for the DAILY NEWS of the proceedings of the M. E. Conference while that body is in session in Bellefonte. Mr. Akers is considered the best reporter in the conference and he is now in the enjoyment of more than ordinarily good health, able to preach three times every Sabbath. The reports made by the reverend gentleman will be very superior. It is our intention soon to publish some interesting facts in connection with the principal divines who will be in attendance at conference and as soon as the entertainment enrollment is completed it will be made public in these columns.

—More than $300 given by the Methodist congregation of this place on Sunday for missions is wonderful and will make this year's collections greater than those of any previous year. Of this sum $77 was given by the Sunday-school—the largest offering the Sunday-school ever made. The Methodist church is not the richest in Bellefonte, but it seems to be the most liberal.

—On Sunday evening, during the offertory in the Episcopal church, Miss Julia Valentine rendered a solo in her usual artistic style. Miss Valentine is, without doubt, the finest lady vocalist in Bellefonte. Her voice is strong and melodious and under perfect control. Her efforts evince much culture and training.

—The Engle clock, called the "Eighth Wonder," with its multitude of moving figures and musical effects, is well worth seeing. An interesting descriptive lecture is given. Will exhibit until Saturday evening in Brown's store building, Bishop street.

SPECIAL MENTION.

The Beginning of the End.

The beginning of disease is a slight debility or disorder of some of the vital organs, the stomach, the liver or the bowels usually. There are dyspepetic symptoms, the liver is troublesome, the skin grows tawney and unhealthy looking, there are pains in the right side or through the right shoulder blade. The climax is often an utter prostration of the physical energies, perhaps a fatal issue. But if the difficulty is met in time with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is always effective as a remedy, and it should be resorted to at an early stage, there will be no reason to apprehend those injurious subsequent effects upon the system often entailed by entirely cured diseases. Far better is it, also, to employ this safe remedial agent in fever and ague, and other malarial complaints, than quinine and other potent drugs, which, even when they do prove effectual for a time, ruin the stomach and improve the general health.

Money to be Made.

It is said that dull times are not known by the agents for the great publishing house of George Stinson & Co., of Portland, Maine. The reason of this exceptional success is found in the facts that they always give the public that which is keenly appreciated and at prices that all can afford. At present we understand, their are doing wonderfully well on several lines. They need many more agents in all parts of the country. Those who need profitable work should apply at once. Women do as well as men. Experience is not necessary, for Messrs Stinson & Co, undertake to show all who are willing to work, not hard but earnestly, the path to large success It should be remembered that an agent can do a handsome business without being away from home over night Another advantage—it costs nothing to give the business a trial, and an agent can devote all his time, or only his spare moments to it Stinson & Co guarantee grand success to all who engage and follow simple and plain directions that they give We have not space to explain all here, but full particulars will be sent *free* to those who address the firm; their full address is given above.

The wonderful Healing Properties of Prphylactic Fluid.

Wherever a preventing, healing, cleansing and deoderizing interjection or wash is required use Darby's Prophylactic Fluid. Any inflamed surface, external or internal, treated with the Fluid will be quickly relieved. It has effected cures thet had resisted the best medical skill.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c
WALTER W. BAYARD.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses; Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splint, Ringbone, Sweeny, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 23m

At Night always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains *no Opium or Morphine*, but gives the child *natural ease from pain*. Price 25 cents. Sold by
WALTER W. BAYARD.

Spring and Summer Season, 1887. We are now showing full lines of Seasonable Woolens. Leave your order now.
MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

ITCH, PRARIE MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by F. P. GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 23m

SALE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, March 3,—At residence of Charles Eckenroth, at Pleasant Gap, at 10 o'clock a. m., horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, grain, farming implements and household furniture.

TUESDAY, MARCH 1.—At 1 o'clock p. m., James Eckenroth will sell at his residence, at Pleasant Gap, in Spring township, horses, cattle, hogs, etc.

TUESDAY, MARCH 8.—Abram V Miller will sell at his residence in Pleasant Gap, at 10 o'clock a m, some of the finest thoroughbred stock in the county; also implements, wagons, etc

TUESDAY, MARCH 8.—At residence of Solomon Poorman [George Valentine's farm] at Gatesburg Bank, on Fishing Creek Road, east of Bellefonte, mares, colts and other fine stock, cows and farming implements. Sale to begin at 11 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16—At the residence of J H Johnson, ¼-mile west of Boalsburg, at 10 o'clock a m, sharp, a large quantity of farm stock, implements, household furniture, etc.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26—J Miles Green, of Milesburg, and F Potts Green, of Bellefonte, executors of Joseph Green, dec'd, will sell valuable real estate, including 100 lots, good buildings, etc., located in Milesburg; also several other tracts of land near the borough.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22—Samuel Goss and Alexander Harpster, executors, will sell twenty-three acres of timber land in Ferguson township.

SATURDAY, FEB. 26.—John Beadle will sell on the Elder farm, ½-mile east of Stormstown, on Half Moon road, farm stock and implements. Sale at 12.30 p. m. Cyrus Hunter, auctioneer.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, February 16, 1887.

Red Wheat, new, per bushel	$ 80
Mixed Wheat new	80
Buckwheat	45
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	50
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 20
do choice	4 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 60
Flour, wholesale	4 00
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10.00–$12 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 50

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by A. C. Meyer & Bro

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	14
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	18
New Potatoes, per bushel	80
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	12½–15
Canned corn "	10–12½
Lemons per doz	20
Dried sweet corn per pound	12
Apple butter, per gal	50
Roller flour, per sack	$1 30
Apples "	1 00

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co 106 Wall St., N. Y. 18 17 1y

TUESDAY'S ELECTIONS.

THE RESULT IN THE BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS OF CENTRE COUNTY.

The Republican borough and ward tickets, this year, were superior to any ever before nominated. But the unaccountably eccentric Republicans, as usual, stepped up to the polls and elected several Democrats. The result in the several wards is as follows:

WEST WARD—BOROUGH.

Chief Burgess, H S Hale 70, Frank Galbraith 64; Assistant Burgess, George L Smith 93, John O'Connor 42; Treasurer, C F Cook 107; Assessor, H H Benner 98, W L Steele 34; Tax Collector, H H Harshberger 76, John M Keichline 60; Constable, H H Montgomery 98, John A Dunkle 86; High Constable, Samuel Deitge 96; Pryor Britton 36; Overseeer of Poor, Samuel Gault 79, Wm. Speer 58; Auditor, 3 years—H B Pontius 94 James B Lane 41; Auditor, 1 year—John Kline 95, V J Bauer 40.

WARD.

Judge of Election, Adam Herkheimer 99, Irvin Taylor 37; Inspector, Isaac Haupt 98, J E Miller 38; Council, Robert Cole 77, Joseph Gross 9; School Director, James D Seibert 102, Nicholas Redding 34; Registration Assessor, G W Rees 97, James Solt 39.

SOUTH WARD—BOROUGH.

Chief Burgess, H S Hale 113, Frank Galbraith 153; Assistant Burgess, George L Smith 129, John O'Connor 136; Assessor, H H Benner 111 William Steele 153; Treasurer, C F Cook 126; Tax Collector, H H Harshberger 86 J M Keichline 179; Constable, H H Montgomery 133, John A Dunkle 129; High Constable, Samuel Delice 110, Pryor Britton 155; Overseer of Poor, Samuel Gault 106, Wm Speer 153; Auditor, 3 years—H B Pontius 104, James B Lane 162; Auditor, 1 year, John Kline 164, V J Bauer 159.

WARD.

Judge of Election, J D Geissinger 89, C M Bower 168; Inspector, Wm McClure 101, George Chase 163, Council, Thomas Donachy 113, Ed. Brown, Jr., 151; School Director, E S Dorworth 89, D F Fortney 175; Ward Assessor, George Schrock 116, James McCafferty 146.

NORTH WARD—BOROUGH.

Chief Burgess H S Hale 166, Frank Galbraith 105; Assistant Burgess, George L Smith 163, John O'Connor 109; Assessor, H H Benner 166, William Steele 101; Treasurer, C F Cook 189; Tax Collector, H H Harshberger 151, John Keichline 121; Constable, H H Montgomery 189, John A Dunkle 82; High Constable, Samuel Delige 172 Pryor Britton 97; Overseer of Poor, Samuel Gault 186, Wm Speer 136; Auditor, 3 years—H B Pontius 170, James B Lane 103; Auditor, 1 year—John Kline 168, V J Bauer 104.

WARD.

Justice of the Peace, John B Linn 164, Aaron Williams 107; Judge of Election, J Kyle McFarlane 164, D Z Kline 107; Inspector, W I Fleming 146, A M Hoover 104; Council, Robert McKnight, Jr., 109, F B Stover 162; School Director, W B Rankin 185; Registration Assessor, Thomas R Benner 147, Francis Speer 124.

RECAPITULATION OF BOROUGH VOTE

Hale's vote in the borough for Burgess is 349, Galbraith's 322; Hale's majority 27.

Smith's vote in the borough for Assistant Burgess is 385, O'Connor's 287; Smith's majority 98.

Cook's total vote for Treasurer is 422, no opposition.

Benner's vote for Assessor is 378, Steele's 292; Benner's majority 86.

Harshberger's total vote for Tax Collector is 313, Keichline's 350; Keichline's majority 47.

Montgomery's total vote for Constable is 412, Dunkle's 247; Montgomery's majority 165.

Delige's total vote for High Constable is 378, Britton's 288; Delige's majority 90.

Gault's total vote for Overseer of the Poor is 321, Speer's 347; Speer's majority 26.

Pontius' total vote for the three-year term of Auditor is 368, Lane's 306; Pontius' majority 62.

Kline's total vote in the borough for Auditor 1 year is 367, Bauer's 303; Kline's majority 64.

Of the above Keichline and Speer are Democrats, the others Republicans.

HOWARD, PA., FEB. 16, 1887.

The February election passed off very quietly in this place yesterday The Democrats electing all of their ticket, exeept borough constable, by good majorites. This could not have happened if the "Mug-wumps" of last year had supported the ticket this year of their own making. The chairman of the county committee should immediately call for the resignation of their appointee, H. T. Lucas, of this place, if he does not desire the entire disruption of the Republican party of this borough. The following are the names and politics of the successful candidates

Judge of Election, A W Gardner, D; Inspector, W F Hall, R, minority O Breckley, D; Assessor, A J Gardner, D, Overseer of Poor, S F Kline, D; School Director, H A Moore, D; Auditors, Frank Gallagher, D, D P McKinly, D; Coustable, Robt Cooke, Jr. R; Town Clerk, A W Gardner, D; Tax Collector, Jacob Dietz, D; Chief Burgess, A. Webber, D, Town Council, T Butler, D, Frank Gallagher, D; High Constable, Jacob Dietz, D.

REPUBLICAN.

Spring Twp.—Judge of election, Joseph B Miller; inspector, Wm Harrison; justice of the peace, J J Musser; supervisors, John Dubbs and J B Genizel; poor overseer, D Rhinesmith; school directors, Wm Pilger, H Kline, Samuel Shaffer; assessor, M F Riddle; tax collector, John Roan; constable, J H Oliger; auditor, David Shearer; township clerk, Wm Rhinesmith; treasurer, J R Alexander.

Benner Twp.—Judge of election, Frederick Houser; inspector, John Kauffman; assessor, Y B Henneigh; school directors, John Cole, J H Reeser; supervisors, Wm Crape, John Stover; poor overseer, J B Roan; collector, H K Hoy; auditor, S C Bathgate; township clerk, David Heckman; constables, Thomas Frezier, Joseph Lowry.

Boggs Twp.—Auditors, Austin Curtin; supervisors, John L Orafft, John Zimmerman; school directors, Wm Fulton, 2 years; Jacob Yernell, 3 years; Jas B Curtin, 3 years; poor overseer, Geo. Fleck, 1 year; D B Malone, 2 years; collector, Wm Shawley; constable, James McMullen; assessor, E I Walker; township clerk, Robert Bierley.

Howard Happenings.

At the residence of the bride's parents, on last Thursday evening, Miss Lilly Gross, daughter of Rev. H. W. Gross, and John Thompson were united in the everlasting bonds of wedlock. Many friends were present on the occasion. John is an old schoolmate of your correspondent and we therefore wish him and his *frau* a long, prosperous and happy life.

Mr. Flem Montgomery, who has been dangerously ill for the past few days, is now slowly recovering.

Harry Knarr returned home from Milton on last Saturday evening. Harry is foreman in John Lauth's hoop mill at that place.

Everybody here is pained to learn of the serious illness of Mr. J. A. Askey, who, with his parents, moved from this place to Williamsport a few months ago. It is learned that Mr. Askey has had a hemorrhage of the lungs, and that his chances for recovery are doubtful. His sister, Miss Sallie, who had been visiting friends here was telegraphed for on Friday, and took her departure on the 10.16 train, after having bade adieu to numerous and sympathizing friends.

At the residence of Mr. W. E. Confer on last Friday evening a number of young people had a most enjoyable time. Mrs. Confer and her mother, Mrs. Reuben Lucas, did all in their power to make the young people have a good time and indeed they succeeded nobly. At half past ten the entire party marched to the dining room where they found the table loaded with steaming oysters as well as many other delicacies. The table however, was rapidly relieved of its burden and especially the end at which your correspondent sat. All returned home at 1½ o'clock, after having had an excellent time.

Mr. Clem Deininger, of Centre Hall fame, spent Sunday with a "friend" here.

On account of some defects in their E flat solo alto, the band boys have sent it back to the firm from which they purchased it. They will put a solo alto trombone in its stead, which will be 'tooted" by their expert soloist, Will M. Lucas.

Our "mush-head" pugilist is again on the war path. A few evenings ago his victim was a young man from a neighboring town, who fortunately was scared little and hurt less but the language that monster used regardless of the ladies who were passing was simply outrageous and disgusting. To such mothers we would therefore, respectfully call the attention of High constable, Jacob Deitz, whose duty it is to see to it that the streets be kept clear of such nincompoops who know about as much about deference, decency and decorum as Balaam's ass did about Hebrew. DICK.

MINNESOTA has passed a high license law which comes near deserving its name. In cities of 10,000 or more population the license fee is to be $1,000, in smaller places $500. Municipal authorities are also permitted to make the license fee so much in excess of the above sums as they may see fit.

THE assertion is made that steel cars will be too heavy for general use; but experience has demonstrated that a good quality of steel can be used to turn lighter structures than if they were made of wood. And Pittsburg can furnish that kind of steel.

It is rumored that the ghost of Brigham Young will persuade the Mormons to emigrate to the Sandwich Islands. Old Brigham Young did not die in vain.

A Stuttgart man has invented a piano so suppressed in sound that he calls it a "dead piano." Still, we question whether it will be sufficiently quiet until it is buried.

Husband—"Well, dear, and how do you like the debutante?" Wife (just home from the theatre)—"Oh! she's perfectly charming!" "A good actress?" "Perfectly adorable!" "Fine elocution, admirable system, true to nature in her delineation of character?" "Well, don't know about that, but she wore four different dresses in one act."

Atlantic City.

OPENING OF THE SEASON UNDER FAVORABLE AUSPICES—EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS.

[New York Home Journal,]

There is an air of newness and freshness about Atlantic City now which no one can fail to recognize. The carpenter and painter have held the town since its evacuation by the summer army, and have left their marks on cottage and hotel. Two large hotels have been lifted bodily from their foundations and moved down toward the beach. In their new locations they have also been enlarged and improved, so as to become practically new houses. For several years past the owners of these hotels have found themselves getting farther away from the sea. Land was being made for them by the recession of the ocean, and as Neptune seemed inclined to retreat, the landsmen determined to pursue, and the winter guests of these houses will find their quarters overlooking the waves this season.

Another hotel has been completely remodeled and considerably enlarged. In all these improvements the latest appliances have been used which would enhance the comfort or contribute to the luxury of the guests. The houses will be thoroughly heated, and large spaces have been set apart for glass-enclosed porticos, wherein the most delicate invalid can enjoy all the blessing of the glorious sunlight without exposure to the wind or weather.

Very many of the other hotels have been improved and refitted, and several new ones have been erected. The cottages look bright and cheerful in their new dresses of fresh paint, and the genial winter sunlight, bathing all in its brightness, makes the city by the sea more attractive than ever.

There has been no storm this winter to injure the piers or the board walk. The board walk is a distinctive feature of Atlantic City. It is the common property of all, and it is broad enough and long enough to accommodate everybody. A morning walk over the boards from Excursion House to Inlet, with the great Atlantic breaking against their supports, and the genial breeze from the Gulf Stream fanning one's cheeks, will bring the ruddy glow of health to the faces of those who have vainly tried to gain it elsewhere.

The sanitary arrangements of the city are now excellent. The new system of drainage adopted last year works very satisfactorily, and overcomes the only natural disadvantage the city ever had to contend against. With an excellent system of artificial drainage, and every essential element of health-making in location and surroundings, Atlantic City is certain to win and maintain high rank among the famous sanitaria of the world.

Not only is its winter temperature mild, genial and bright, but there is always a fresh, bracing air which makes out-of-door exercise a positive delight.

The ocean sun-parlors are also very attractive features of life on the beach. These are great glass-enclosed pavilions, built on the strand, where one may sit all day and read or watch the ever-changing waves. In fine weather at midday the parlors are exchanged for the beach, and here, snugly wrapped, one sits in the sand and literally revels in the wealth of sun and air. There are very few days too inclement for going out, snow melts as fast as it falls, and rain makes no mud. One eats and sleeps in the hotel, and spends one's evenings there, but the hours of the day, all too short, are passed in the open air. The natural result of this kind of living is the acquisition of health and strength.

To the people of New York and the East, Atlantic City is peculiarly attractive. Even if they are southward bound Atlantic City is on their way, and a stay of a few weeks will always result in pleasure and benefit.

From New York the express train leaving foot of Courtlandt and Desbrosses streets at 1.00 p. m., makes direct connection for Atlantic City by way of Trenton and Camden. A through parlor car is attached to this train, which runs through to the sea in four and three-quarter hours.

About February 1st the season was fully open, and the engagements in advance indicate a very successful winter and spring. Representatives of the best society of all the cities of the Eastern and Middle States gather here during February and March, and form a brilliant social circle, who take their recreation in a restful and their pleasure in an unconventional way.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The *American Kintergarten* and Primary Teacher for February, 188., has a cover of artistic design and color. The home, kintergarten and primary school are represented and fifteen little faces peep out in various poses. The leader will interest many readers, as it is a straight hit at the unjust old saw about the wickedness of the parson's children. Another of the series of papers on the child artist is entertaining as well as instructive. "Teaching the uses of money" gives sensible advice. The Kintergarten department continues study of form in mothers in council. "Harsh words" leads with stirring eloquence. The reception of the *American Kindergarten* under its management must be gratifying to the publishers, or they would not have gone to the expense of the new cover and the enlargement of the Children's Supplement to sixteen pages. In the entire range of books for children there is nothing quite like this. Natural history is treated of systematically and scientifically, yet within the comprehension of a six-year-old. Kindergarten work is illustrated. Skeleton stories tempt young composers to try their skill. The publishers have been so fortunate as to secure the services of Prof. Charles K. Howlett, the ornitholo.ist, taxidermist and lecturer, who will contribute articles on birds, beginning with this number. The Kindergarten would be cheap at double the price asked for it, which is only $1.00 a year or 10 cents a number Fowler & Wells Co., publishers, 753 Broadway N. Y.

That STAUNCH OLD PUBLICATION, the *Phrenological Journal and Science of Health* for February 1887, is at hand with a rich table of contents Michael Muhkacsy, the artist, whose picture, "Christ before Pilot," has excited the wonder admiration and criticism of the world, is studied and with skill; the portrait is a striking one." Familiar talks with our young readers," handles Faith, Veneration and Ideality with the ease and dexterity acquired by a practical observer. "The progress of the Eman ipated Race" is a series of sketches and portraits of eminent colored men. "A Divided Republic" is a curious paper with a half-threat of what may possibly be done in the event of the continued indifference of legislators to the handful of women for suffrage. The papers on health are of general interest as they treat of conditions especially probable in our climate. The editorials are unusually spirited, particularly that on "The new brain theory." We do not remember seeing a more valuable number of this always valuable monthly. There is no phase of human failing ignored by it. To all people it reaches out a helping hand in its timely advice and impressive reason why. $2.00 per year. 20 cents per number. Published by Fowler & Wells Co., New York.

January 29th and February 5th, of *Building*, are two of the finest numbers that ever been issued of this valuable architectural weekly. The number of the 29th contains eight full-page lithographic plates, plans and details of a house, by Geo. C. Mason, Jr., of Newport; also a sketch for a house at Buffalo, by Mr. H. T. Schladermundt. February 5th, is especially interesting on account of the collection of small city houses, some nineteen in all. There is also a very handsome colored plate of a mantel designed by Messrs. Brunner & Tryon, and executed in endolithic marble, together with an interesting article on Endolithics, by Mr. Caryl Coleman. An article specially worthy of mention, is one by Mr. Kidder, on warming moderate sized dwellings, besides many other important and valuable features well worthy the attention of all interested as owners or builders.

The *Golden Argosy* for February will contain a number of very interesting new serials among which is "Little Man" by Mrs. Mary A. Denison and "Nature's young Nobleman" by Brooks McCormick, and sketches of Murat Halstead, M. P. Handy, Samuel Bowels, and Wm. M Singerly, and a number of interesting stories and articles and five illustrations, among which are handsome full-page pictures of "ice-boating" and "and tobogganing." This is one of the most interesting and beautiful papers for the young that is published in the world. Furnish beautiful and interesting papers for your boys and girls and make home interesting to them; it will pay in every way; no paper will serve the purpose better than the *Golden Argosy* published by Frank A Munsey No. 81 Warren St. New York.

That measles is not a disease which children "ought to have" is conclusively shown in Dr. Chapin's important article on "Measles and its Complications," in February number of *Babyhood*, which no mother of young children can afford to overlook. Equally valuable articles in the same issue are "Scrofulous Tendencies," by Dr. L. M. Yale, and "Treatment of Diarrhœa" by Dr. Jerome Walker. The department of "Baby's wardrobe," is unusually full, and "The Mother's Parliament" contains letters on a great variety of subjects such as "Babies at Public Meetings," "The Unsuspected Dangers of Phimosis," "Baby's Bank," "Successful Treatment of Constipation," and many others equally interesting. $1.50 a year; 15 cents a number. *Babyhood Publishing Co.*, 5 Beekman Street, New York.

Science announces that it has in preparation a series of original maps of explorations and geographical investigations in various parts of the world. The work is in charge of Dr. Franz Boas, who has resigned his position with the University of Berlin to assume charge of the geographical department of *Science*. Dr. Boas is well known for his explorations in the regions about Baffin's Bay and Vancouver's Island. This new department in *Science* will cover a field which has never been touched by American journalism, and will thus open to readers of this country a source of geographical information hitherto unattainable. The first of these maps will be issued in March. *Science* is published at 47 Lafayette Place, New York. Subscription price, $5.00 a year.

All Sorts.

Marriage is a lottery, but they don't sell tickets to most old maids.

Why may not women wear "feathered plumage" when men will wear swallow-tail?

It is now thought that the great ring around the planet Saturn is a toboggan slide.

Which dress lasts a lady the longest? Her house dress, because she never wears it out.

The enormously large hats worn by some very little girls make it difficult to decide which there is more of—hat or child.

Every hour a Cough or Cold is neglected is so much injury to the Lungs. HASSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR never fails in curing the worst cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Asthma and Chronic Catarrh. Sold by W W. Bayard and M. A. Kirk.

Two great enemies—Hoood's Sarsaparilla and impure blood. The latter is utterly defeated by the peculiar medicine.

Medical.

Salt Rheum

The agonies of those who suffer from severe salt rheum are indescribable. The cleansing, healing, purifying influences of Hood's Sarsaparilla are unequalled by any other medicine.

"I take pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it has done wonders for me. I had salt rheum very severely, affecting me over nearly my entire body. Only those who have suffered from this disease in its worst form can imagine the extent of my affliction. I tried many medicines, but failed to receive benefit until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then the disease began to subside, the

Agonizing Itch and Pain

disappeared, and now I am entirely free from the disease. My blood seems to be thoroughly purified, and my general health is greatly benefited." LYMAN ALLEN, Sexton N. E. Church, North Chicago, Ill.

"My son had salt rheum on his hands and the calves of his legs, so bad that they would crack open and bleed. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. STANTON, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

From 108 to 135

"I was seriously troubled with salt rheum for three years, and receiving no benefit from medical treatment I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am now entirely cured of salt rheum; my weight has increased from 108 lbs. to 135." MRS. ALICE SMITH, Stamford, Conn.

If you suffer from salt rheum, or any blood disease, try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has cured many others, and will cure you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Edmund Blanchard, deceased. Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to MRS. MARY F. BLANCHARD, Administratrix. Bellefonte Pa.

Bellefonte, Pa., Feb. 9, 1887. 6 6t

FOR SALE—The undersigned offers at private sale his stock and good will in the Furniture and Undertaking business located at Unionville, Centre Co., Pa., not having the time to devote to the business which it demands. A good opportunity for a practical mechanic. No competition. For further particulars call on or address fy 3td 2w JESSE CLEAVER, Fleming Pa

EXECUTORS' SALE!

Will be sold at public auction, on the premises in Ferguson township, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1887,

commencing at one o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz: A lot of timber land, containing twenty-three acres, bounded on the west by lands of Shorb, Stewart & Co., on the north by lands of John Crider, on the east by lands of Samuel Musser, on south by land of Emanuel Sondy. The land is covered by a fine growth of chestnut and oak timber, and will be sold as a whole or in lots to suit purchasers. Terms made known on day of sale. SAMUEL GOSS, ALEXANDER HARPSTER, Executors.

Rock Springs, Feb. 1. 1956t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the sale of the real estate of William Bloom, late of Ferguson township, dec'd. The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Court "to ascertain the debts of said estate and report a schedule thereof to the Court on the 1st Tuesday of March, &c.," hereby gives notice to all creditors of said estate and all others interested, that he will meet them at his office in Bellefonte, on Friday, 25th day of February, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purposes of his appointment, and where it is desired that all claims against said estate be properly presented. C. P. HEWES, Auditor

6 3t

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CENTRE COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Krape, wife of James S. Krape, of the township of Gregg, in said county, has presented her petition to the Court for a decree that she shall have the rights and privileges of a *feme sole* trader, under the Act of 4th May, 1855, and for a certificate that she shall be authorized to act, have the power and transact business as such; and that the said petition will be considered by the Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of March next at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time all persons interested may show cause, if any they have, why the decree and certificate prayed for shall not be made and granted. BEAVER, GEPHART & DALE, Att'ys for Petitioner.

27 Jan., 1887. 19 5 4t

WORKING CLASSES ATTENTION! We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 00 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and test the business, we make this offer. To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit free. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than at anything else in this world. Capital not needed: you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. Something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. feb11 ly b&w

New Advertisements.

A REMARKABLE OFFER !!!

PHILADELPHIA PRESS FREE!!!

To anyone who will SUBSCRIBE for the

"Bellefonte Republican"

FOR ONE YEAR, sending us two dollars in advance, we will present them with the PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY PRESS for ONE YEAR FREE.

THE "PRESS"

is one of THE BEST papers in the State, and this offer presents the

VERY BEST OPPORTUNITY

ever offered by any Centre county paper. An important campaign is coming on and it is our desire that the Republicans of this county shall have every opportunity to know all that is transpiring, and from the best sources. The PRESS will be

STAUNCHLY REPUBLICAN UNDER — ALL — CIRCUMSTANCES,

abiding by, and earnestly supporting the action of the Republican Convention (State and National). We have this assurance from the publishers.

To our OLD SUBSCRIBERS who will

PAY UP ALL ARREARAGES,

AND

ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE,

we will also send the two papers. But

All Arrearages must be Paid

UP TO THE VERY DAY THE TWO PAPERS ARE TO BE SENT.

All Republicans in Centre County should avail themselves of the advantages of this offer.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

Publisher of "REPUBLICAN."

The Philadelphia Times

THE DAILY TIMES

THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES is delivered by carriers in all the cities, towns and villages surrounding Philadelphia for SIX CENTS a week, and is sold by boys and newsdealers for ONE CENT a copy. It is universally conceded to be the BEST NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD for the price, publishing all the Associated Press News, Quotations of the Produce and Money Markets and ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD in a compact and readable form. Independent in everything. It is not excelled in Quality or Quantity at any price. By Mail—Four Months, One Dollar. One Year, Three Dollars, postpaid. One Month, 30 cts.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

SIXTY-FOUR Columns of magazine-newspaper reading matter, crisp, attractive, interesting, instructive. The ANNALS OF THE WAR, by active participants, illustrated; Woman's World, contributed to by some of the BEST WOMEN WRITERS IN AMERICA; The Latest Fashions; TIMES YOUNG PEOPLE—by themselves; ORIGINAL STORIES, both short and continued; Topics of the Time; Pointed Editorial Comment; SPECIAL ARTICLES on thousands of subjects, and ALL THE NEWS are among its attractions. Terms, $2 per annum; clubs of ten, $15, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club.

THE SUNDAY TIMES

12 Pages—96 Columns—5 Cents—$2.00 a Year.

Address THE TIMES, TIMES BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

FURNITURE!

TO QUIT THE BUSINESS.

Will sell my complete stock of

Parlor Suits—Fine, Medium and Common, Hard Wood Bed Room Suits, Side Boards, Hat Racks, Lounges, Tables—Fine Walnut and Cherry Cane seat Chairs, Wood Seat Chairs, Bed-steads, Sinks, Springs, Mattrasses, Pillows, etc., in fact, everything in the Furniture line at prices that must sell them. All goods to be sold without reserve, and must be sold by March 25.

J. C. Brachbill, Bellefonte,

[HIGH STREET, OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE.]

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

An Important Vote.

HARRISBURG, February 9.—The hour of 12 o'clock arriving, the speaker announced that the constitutional prohibitory amendment would be considered on third reading, this being the hour set Mr. Huhn read the bill at length, and Mr. Dravo said he would avail himself to say a closing word. In referring to the assertion made by some of the opponents of the bill that it was wrong because it would destroy private property without providing compensation therefor. Mr. Dravo said that some of these opponents had voted to destroy the property of the oleomargarine manufacturers in the same way. He called on the republicans to crown their good work to day.

Mr. Graham, of Allegheny, said this question has been thoroughly discussed for years. He had prepared a few remarks, which he asked leave to print, the house granting him the privilege.

The roll was then called on the bill on final passage, the vote being as follows:

Yeas—Messrs Altman, Apple, P S Bachman, Baldwin, Barnes, Beacom, Beatty, Billingsley, Blair, Boyd, Brace, Brooks, Brown, Byrne, Calhoun, Capp, Carpenter, Chadwick, Chaffe, Chase, Chritzman, Clark, Collins, Connell, Cox, Craighead, Criswell, Cunningham, S T Davis, Elias Davis, Deardon, Dichinson, Dougherty, Dougass, Dravo, Edwards, Eichner, Elkin, Elliott, Emhart, N C Evans, Lewis H Evans, William Evans, D M Evans, Faust, John Finley, J B Finley, Flickinger, Foote, Fruit, Graham, Glenn, Glover, Hager, Hall, Hardenberg, Heckman, Heebner, Helfrich, Hickman, Hothersall, Hughes, Hulick, Isenberg, Johnson, Jones, C C Kauffman, Keefer, Keyser, Kidd, Kinny, Kramer, Lenker, Martin, Mattern, Maxey, Miller, Merrill, Moore, Morrow, Murray, McConnell, McMullen Nason, Neff, Nichols, Noll, Osborn, Owens, Packer, Peoples, Philips, Pugh, Randell, Randenbush, Rhone, Richards, Riebel, Ring, Robertson, John A Robinson, John B Robinson, Rogers, Russell, Sample, Sailor, Scott, Seamans, Shaw, Showalter, Clement N Smith, Spencer H Smith, Winfield S Smith, Silas Stevenson, Wm. P Stevenson, Samuel E Stewart, Taggart, C Wesley Thomas, Evan W Thomas, Thompson, True, Tuton, Vodges, Walk, Wherry, White, Williams, Worman, Bover, speaker—130.

Nays—Messrs. Daniel Bachman, Baer, Barnhart, Betts, Bortner, Brinker, Bulger, Burns, Caffrey, Callaghan, Carberry, Church, Conway, Crilly, Dean, Dellone, Dicks, Durkan, Eckert, Faunce, Fegley, Fox, Fritz, Gaine, Gentner, Gregory, Hassett, Hindenach, Hoffa, Jordan, N S Kauffman, Kelly, Kemper, James H Lafferty, S M Lafferty, Lapp, Lee, Leeds, Lemon, Markle, Mott, McDonald, McGowan, McLaughlin, Patterson, Pantsch, Purcell, Riley, Rice, Roper, Roth, Schneider, Schwartz, Sharkey, Smiley, Souder, Spratt, Strine, Taylor, Vanvorce, Warner, Willett, Williamson, Woodward, Wright, Zeigler—66.

Speaker Boyer announced that the constitutional majority having voted in the affirmative the joint resolution was passed. The announcement was received with loud applause from the friends of the measure, and the ladies in the gallery waved their handkerchiefs.

During the ballot Messrs S T Davies and Wherry, who voted aye, and Zeigler, who voted nay, filed their reasons for voting as they did.

All of the republicans present voted "aye" except Messrs. Betts, Kemper, S. M. Lafferty, Lapp, Lemon, Schneider, Souder and Spratt. All of the democrats voted nay except Messrs. P. S. Bachman, W. Evans, Kramer, Merrill, Rhone and John A. Robinson.

The Grand Army.

HARRISBURG, Pa., February 9.—At today's session of the Grand Army of the Republic state encampment, Major Samuel Harper, of Pittsburg, was declared choice for department commander, and Comrade Guiles, of Hazelton, for senior vice commander. Chaplain Savres was re-elected. Allentown was selection as the place for the next encampment.

The new officers were installed this afternoon. A number of resolutions were adopted by the encampment this afternoon among them the following: Asking the legislature to pass the bill prohibiting any but members of the Grand Army of the Republic from wearing the badge of the organization under penalty of a fine and imprisonment; suggesting to the next national encampment amendments to rules and regulations making the basis of representation in posts one hundred instead of fifty; requesting the Pennsylvania representatives in congress to urge the passage of, and to vote for the recommendations of the Grand Army of the Republic pension committee Justice demands the repeal of the limitation contained in the arrears act of 1879 so that all invalid soldiers shall share alike and their pension begin with date of disability or of discharge and not with application.

The Women's Relief Corps, an auxiliary of the Grand Army of the Republic, held a meeting to day and elected Mrs Abbie Lynch, of Pittsburg, president. The corps has gained 2,785 members during the past year and is in a flourishing condition.

A special committee of the Grand Army of the Republic encampment recommends the continuance of the investigation into the soldiers' orphan school scandal to the end that the guilty, if any there be, may be punished and the innocent vindicated. Rev. K. W. Sayres, the deposed inspector, is upheld in his course by the report which was adopted.

Bridge Destroyed.

MONROE, Mich., Feb. 9.—The river Raisin was never so high as it has been since yesterday afternoon. The water began rising yesterday morning and the people were called out of bed by the ringing of the fire bells to look after their property. With the water came an ice gorge which swept away the Macomb street last evening. It was an iron structure, valued at $15,000.

Danger Along the River.

PORT DEPOSIT, February 10.—Since two o'clock this afternoon the water has fallen slowly, until at 8 o'clock p. m. it has receded about one foot. The cellars of all houses on the lower side of Main street, as well as all coke and coal yards, are still submerged. The ice gorge five miles south of Columbia, Pa., gave way at 5.15 this evening and is coming down with alarming velocity, A wooden bridge 320 feet long, over Conestoga creek was entirely swept away. The mass of ice reached McCale's ferry at 6 p. m and as it is unobstructed it is expected to reach Port Deposit at about midnight. The body of ice at the mouth of the Susquehanna remains intact and it is feared will cause the general inundation of this place. All residents of the lower section of town have made preparations for hasty removal, and traffic on the railroad is suspended. Rain is now falling and the darkness is so intense that it is impossible to ascertain the real condition of the river.

Important Legislation.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—The bill extending the minimum school term to six months after the first Monday in June, 1887, came up, and an attempt was made to amend it by providing that in the event of its passage $1,500,000 shall be appropriated by the state to the public schools.

This amendment was voted down, and then the bill went through.

The act of great importance to teachers is that requiring school directors to pay them for the time given to attending the annual county institute. This act came up this morning, there was no opposition to it, and it passed second reading.

The act taxing store orders, etc., representing the wages or earnings of an employe, came up on second reading. The bill taxes the orders ten per cent. of the face value, and in case of refusal to pay by any person, firm, partnership, corporation or association, twenty five per cent. more shall be levied as a penalty. This is the bill endorsed by the Amalgamated Miners' and Laborers' association which met in Harrisburg last week. There was considerable debate over the bill, but the labor men carried their point, and passed it on second reading without amendment.

The house concurred in the senate resolution presenting to Governor Pattison and others the desks and desk chairs used by them during their official term, amending it to include ex-Speakers Faunce and Graham. Adjourned.

Somewhat Addicted to Spreeing.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, February 10.—A stranger was arrested and placed in jail last night at Lawrenceburg, Indiana, for safe-keeping. He had appeared in the city two days before and placed his wife and child and his wife's father and mother in two scantily furnished upper rooms He then went on a spree and in less than two days had scattered about $600, and had in that time worn fifteen different suits of costly clothing.

He also displayed in a saloon $6,000 in gold, and boasted that he had more in his rooms His wife says his name is Adolph Turien; that he is a land and emigrant agent, and is addicted to spreeing She says they had lived in Milwaukee and that they came from St. Louis to Lawrenceberg.

The Bill Signed.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The prohibitory amendment reached the Governor at half-past 12 o'clock to-day. He immediately read it, and without a word at once affixed his signature.

Governor Beaver this morning appointed Jos. G. Patterson as health officer of the city of Philadelphia.

A Cold Wave Coming

CHICAGO, February 10.—The signal service predicts a decline of twenty to twenty-five degrees in temperature by next Saturday morning. Intensely cold weather was reported in the northwest. Railroaders report the temperature thirty degrees below in Montana.

A NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

When one has been suffering the agonies of a severe attack of rheumatism, neuralgia or sciatica, and relief comes, it seems as if a new lease of life had been granted. Such have been the feelings of thousands who, after trying physicians and numberless remedies, have used Athlophoros and found to their great joy that this medicine really did cure these diseases.

367 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

After suffering for nearly two years with a continuous attack of rheumatism; after trying almost every specific, domestic and foreign, which the credulity of a wise man, or a fool, might lead one to trust in, it was a double pleasure to me to find a remedy which, originating in the famous "City of Elms"—the home of my ancestors and its first founders—has proved so invaluable a blessing. It is nearly six months since I was led to trace out the significance of that word Athlophoros. It has proved to me, in a good degree, a renewer of my former vigor and strength, so that I have been enabled to move about with almost youthful activity, and to feel, while approaching my "three score years and ten," that I have a new hold on life. I believe your philosophy of the disease to be correct that it has its origin in the blood, and that your remedy touches those joints and muscles, loosening the nodes, which have been brought into subjection to this dreadful disease, and sets them free as no other remedy that I have tried. I have been cautious for so long a time in recommending it to others till I had tried its efficacy in my own case; and I am now free to state the estimate I put upon it, as the safest and most efficient cure I have any knowledge of.

A. B. DAVENPORT.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, November 15, 1886.

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 20
Flemington	9 05	3 24
Mill Hall	9 09	3 2[illegible]
Beech Creek	9 2[illegible]	3 38
Eagleville f	9 30	3 42
Howard	9 44	3 52
Mount Eagle f	9 54	3 [illegible]8
Curtin	10 01	4 03
Milesburg	10 12	4 10
Bellefonte	10 35	4 22
Milesburg	10 41	4 32
Snow Shoe Int.	10 48	4 38
Unionville	10 58	4 43
Julian	11 09	4 58
Martha	11 19	5 61
Port Matilda	11 27	5 08
Hannah f	11 36	5 16
Fowler f	11 39	5 19
Dix f	11 42	5 22
Bald Eagle	11 48	5 28
Vail	11 53	5 31
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	5 42
EASTWARD	P.M.	A
Leave Tyrone	7 19	8 10
East Tyrone	7 17	8 17
Vail	7 29	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 25	8 25
Dix f	7 32	8 30
Fowler f	7 35	8 32
Hannah f	7 37	8 36
Port Matilda	7 45	8 48
Martha	7 53	8 51
Julian	8 02	8 59
Unionville	8 13	9 10
Snow Shoe Int.	8 22	9 13
Milesburg	8 25	9 22
Bellefonte	8 35	9 32
Milesburg	8 50	9 47
Curtin	8 58	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 03	10 08
Howard	9 11	10 16
Eagleville f	9 22	10 50
Beech Creek	9 26	10 35
Mill Hall	9 38	10 50
Flemington f	9 42	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 45	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 15, 1886.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:2[illegible] a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.10 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 4.55 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 7:50 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 9:55 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 15, 1886.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	Westward p.m.		Eastward a.m.	Eastward a.m.	Eastward p.m.
.0	5.50	1 30	MONTANDON	6 30	9.10	.40
1.5	6.00	1 40	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	4.35
1.5	6.05	1 45	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	.....	9.00	4.30
5.4	6.16	1.[illegible]	Biehl f	.....	8.51	4.21
6.8	6.22	1.56	Vicksburg f	.....	8.45	4.16
10.7	6.33	2 09	MIFFLINBURG	.....	8.33	4.06
13.1	6.40	2 16	Barber f	.....	8.26	4.00
1 .2	6.48	2 2[illegible]	Swengle f	.....	8.20	3.54
16.1	6.48	2 25	Millmont	.....	8.15	3.52
18.6	6.56	2 35	LAURELTON	.....	8.12	3.43
23.5	7.08	2.49	Pardee f	.....	7.58	3.32
24.7	7.12	2.5[illegible]	Weixer f	.....	7.54	3.28
28.9	7.27	3.01	Cherry Run f	.....	7.46	3.19
32.2	7 35	3.10	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	.....	7.35	3.10
33 9	7.41	3.14	Fowler f	.....	7.32	3.07
36.6	7 49	3.25	Coburn	.....	7 23	2.57
39 6	7.56	3.34	Zerby f	.....	7 15	2.47
43 4	8.10	3.44	Rising Springs	.....	7 06	2.35
46.2	8 19	3.55	Penn's Cave f	.....	6.58	2 29
49.2	8.27	4 02	CENTRE HALL	.....	6 50	2 2[illegible]
51.6	8.34	4.08	Gregg f	.....	6.43	2.13
54.5	8.45	4.20	Linden Hall	.....	6.36	2. 5
56.7	8 52	4 25	OAK HALL	.....	6.30	2.00
58.3	8.56	4.30	LEMONT	.....	6 25	1.55
60.2	9.03	4 36	Dale Summit f	.....	6.20	1.50
63.9	9 14	4.49	Pleasant Gap f	.....	6 09	1.40
65.2	9.19	4.56	Axeman f	.....	6.04	1.34
67.4	9 25	5.00	BELLEFONTE	.....	6.00	1 30

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager.
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent.
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Jan. 24, 1887.

EASTWARD. No. 4	No 2	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1	No 3
P. M.	A. M				A. M	P. M
7 00	9 00	.8	Ar. Bellefte, Lv	0	6 10	4 40
6 50	8 50	14.7	Hastings, F	3.2	6 29	4 5
6 42	8 42	12 5	Hunters	5 5	6 25	4 58
6 39	8 39	11.2	Fillmore	6.8	6 31	5 01
6 35	8 35	10.	Sellers, F	8	6 3	5 05
6 30	8 30	8.	Waddles	10.	6 40	5 10
6 10	8 10	3.2	Thompson, F	14.8	7 00	5 30
6 06	8 06	2	Krumrine	16	7 04	5 34
6 00	8 00	0	State College	18.	7 10	5 4[illegible]

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 will connect with trains East and West on B. E. V. R. R.

Train 3 will connect with train West on B. E. R. R.

Train 4 will connect with train East on B E. V. R. R., and with train West on Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 15, 1886.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6.13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 46
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 56
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 [illegible]3
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 15 1886:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 25 p m
" "	Harrisburg	8 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	7 58 a m
" "	Renovo	8 50 a m
" arr at	Erie	4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 25 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 15 p m
" "	Renovo	4 15 p m
" "	Kane	8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in	Bellefonte at	4 22 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 14 a m
"	Harrisburg	2 40 p m
	Williamsport	6 10 p m
arr at	Lock Haven	7 02 p m
"	Renovo	8 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 30 a m
" "	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
" " "	W'm'sp'rt	10 35 a m
" " "	Lock Haven	11 35 a m
" " arr. at	Renovo	12 30 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L. Haven	7 05 a m
" " "	Jer'y S're	7 35 a m
" " "	W'msp't	8 15 a m
" " arr. at	Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" " "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane	6 25 a m
" "	Renovo	10 20 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 10 a m
"	Williamsport	12 25 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 25 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 45 p m
" "	Renovo	11 00 p m
" "	Lock Haven	11 58 p m
"	Williamsport	1 25 a m
arr at	Harrisburg	4 50 a m
"	Philadelphia	8 25 a m
RENOVO ACN leaves	Renovo	4 05 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	9 30 p m
" "	Philadelphia	4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. F. & M. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

LOVE'S SWEET LIFE.

"I think it is a ridiculous idea, to say the very least. Where is the good of living if one cannot enjoy herself?"

Lettie May turned a pretty, flushed face toward the quiet girl whose white hands lay in statuesque beauty on a foamy pile of laces, and whose sweet face was wearing a smile just a little pitiful.

"You misunderstand me, dear," Miss Floyd responded in her gentle way. "I certainly think one should take every particle of enjoyment she can out of her life; only, enjoyments are so different."

"I should think so, judging from the way you refuse to attend the theatre or the opera, or receptions or dances. I never saw a girl changed as you are, Ethel Floyd; and I believe Rossitur has considerable to do with it!"

A second later and Lettie quailed under the look of agony that swept sharply over Ethel's face. But the answer was patient:

"Mr. Rossitur has nothing to do with it particularly."

Lettie eyed her a moment before she went on:

"Then what is the matter? Ethel, do you really think it is wrong to be so gay as I have been?"

Her bright face was eloquently begging Miss Floyd not to condemn the "gayety" she so loved, and Ethel smiled wistfully into the happy eyes.

"If you knew you would die to-night, would you go to the Academy to the ball?"

Lettie shivered with repulsive horror.

"Oh, Ethel! as if people must be living as if they expected every minute to be their last."

"But it must come sometime, dear. I was going to ask you what you would do if you knew, to a certainty, that you would die in a fortnight?"

She smiled at Lettie—that same half pitiful smile that Lettie had seen on her face so often of late.

"Why, first I should be half frightened to death; and then—why—well—I reckon I should go to all the prayer-meetings and see the minister every day. Would you do as I would?"

"Not necessarily, although I should certainly withdraw from the vanities of the world, as I have done. I shall die within a month."

She announced her doom without a tremor of her sweet voice or a quiver of her lips.

And Lettie, with the merriment petrified on her mouth and the light in her eyes quenched with astonishment, looked at Ethel, calm and mute.

Miss Floyd broke the oppressive stillness.

"Dr. Anthon told me nearly a month ago I could scarcely live so long."

"Oh, Ethel! Oh, Ethel Floyd!"

It was the only answer that formed on Lettie's white lips.

"Is it so very terrible dear, or have I grown accustomed to it? I don't think there is no much to lose."

Perhaps she thought of Rossitur when she said that. Lettie thought so judging from the quiver on her lips, which refused to tremble when they spoke of her near death.

"But for you—you to die in two weeks!—and be buried! No, Ethel! Are you crazy, or am I?"

Lettie's hands were hot now, and she grasped Ethel's cool, quiet ones.

"I don't think of that, if I only can make everybody happier while I am here. But you do love me, don't you, dear?"

"You know it. And Rossitur—oh, Ethel, do forgive him before ——"

She stopped sharply, for Miss Floyd suddenly pressed both hands to her side and fell from the chair, rigid, white and deathly.

"She's bound to die in the next one," Dr. Anthon said, when he came in. "She can never stand another. Keep her quiet; don't excite her. Poor child!"

The room was delightfully cool that hot June day, and Ethel Floyd thought, as she sat in the easy chair by the window, how passing fair this world was even when she had been so near the borders of a "better land."

She had thought she was dying that day when she felt the sharp pain at her heart and heard Lettie May's agonized cry; and yet here she was, respited for how long, for what purpose? She looked at her uncertain future calmly that sunshiny morning, as she slowly rocked in the easy bamboo chair and turned the one ring on her finger, the ring Rossitur had given her in those far off happy days, when a long life with him, seemed the only happiness in the world And now—she smiled as she fully realized it—she was literally dying, and Rossitur, who had been too illy in earnest to endure her passionate devotion—Rossitur, who best liked women who constantly led him to new attempts to win them—this lover, whom she thought all this of this morning, had been absent from her for months, making no pretence to caring aught for her and accepting very deliberately the freedom she had offered him—nay, not "offered"—she gave it to him, only keeping the ring. She wrote to him in a proud yet humble way that somehow touched him, as a remembrance that there had been happier days.

But now there was so little else to do—only to employ the rest of the time as best she could, and wait for— If she could only do somebody some great good before; and there actually came a flush to her pale cheeks as it occurred to her, and on the moment she laid her head on the bell tassel beside her and Lettie May came flying along the halls in answer.

"I am afraid I have startled you," Ethel began, half-apologetically.

"I'd be alarmed a dozen times for the the sight of your face. Why, Ethel Floyd, have you any idea how perfectly saintly you look?"

"Not the slightest, child. Only, dear, I wanted so much to know whether Angie Laudet—you remember what a heavenly voice she had—whether she ever managed to secure that master she needed and wanted?" "Surely you are crazy, Ethel? As if the Laudets could afford a singing teacher, let alone an Italian master! What has possessed you."

"I only thought of it. And by the way, Lettie, I want you to order the carriage at 12, and be ready to drive with me. I feel better to-day than I have for a month."

So Ethel sent a renowned teacher to little silver-throated Angie Laudet, and all that he could tell the grateful, astonished family was, that he had receipted a bill in Miss Angeline's name for two years instruction, and from that day there came new hope and happiness to at least one family through Ethel's sweet thoughtfulness.

It came to Rossitur's ears the very day he came home from abroad, tired, soul-sick, *ennuied*. How everybody just raved about Miss Floyd, and what a dreadful pity it was that she had an incurable valvular derangement of her heart; and this man who had almost forgotten the woman whose earnest exacting affection had palled upon him went to call upon her.

Was it Ethel Floyd who arose to greet him, so calmly, so gracefully? No, because all the restlessness, all the consciousness of self, was gone from the beautiful face; sorely yes, because he saw the rare blue eyes, with their white lids, so heavily fringed, lifted to his with all her woman's soul in them.

Rossitur passed through the various phases of admiration of this woman, of regret that he had lost his chance, of pique that she seemed so entirely indifferent to any love he had offered her in the olden days—and at last he came to know that he had grounded on a rock of truest affection for Ethel Floyd.

And he told her, with all the witchery he knew so well how to use; and Ethel refused him with a cheerful sweetness that touched him:

"Not that I don't love you, Rossitur—I always did that—but because I wanted to see you happy for a long while. There are others, Rossitur, who will console you."

Then she told him how she was waiting the next attack; her doom, "her promotion," she called it; how Dr. Anthon had prophesied it, and how now she only waited.

Rossitur raved at that. Anthon was an old fossil. Did Ethel really mean to die, or would she try to live for him? There was a great doctor in New York, well skilled in diseases of the heart. Ethel should see him, at least.

Dr. Anthon looks mystified whenever he sees Mrs. Rossitur, and insists that the "next attack" will be the last.

It has been eight years now, and Ethel Rossitur is very happy in her peaceful home-life and leading husband and children in the way of self-sacrifice and patience she learned while waiting for something that has not come to her

Rossitur worships her. He often says she has the rare secret of imparting more happiness to other people than any person he ever knew; and she accepts his sweet, proud flattery and thinks she bought her secret at a terrible price—that of crowding life time in such a little space.

Miscellaneous.

NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c

PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS

SURE. PROMPT INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

DR. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up." PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They saved me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by P. [illegible], Bellefonte, Pa.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH.

ROGERS' GRAPOLINE

Can always be relied upon as a pleasant, mild, speedy, and POSITIVE CURE in all cases of Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Flatulency, Fullness of Blood, and all Inflammatory Complaints where A Gentle, Cooling Cathartic is required. Chemist, physician, and public with one accord pronounce it unequalled as an Aperient and Refrigerant. Be prudent and have a bottle always within reach. "A stitch in time saves nine." Remember that the slight internal disorder of to-day may become an obstinate, incurable disease to-morrow.

Sold by all Druggists. A. H. ROGERS & CO. Conesco, N.Y.

PERRINE'S

PURE BARLEY

MALT WHISKEY

DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION and all wasting diseases can be entirely cured by it. MALARIA is completely eradicated from the system by its use. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY revives the energies of those worn with excessive bodily or mental effort It acts as a SAFEGUARD against exposure in the wet and rigorous weather Sip TAKE part of a wineglassful on your arrival home after the labors of the day and the same quantity before your breakfast. Being chemically pure, it commends itself to the medical profession.

Watch the Label

None genuine unless having the signature of the firm on the label

ALL DRUGGISTS.

M & J. S. PERRINE,

37 N Front St., PHILA.

19 1 1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of David Henderson, late of Tayler township, deceased. Letters of administration on the above estate, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay duly authenticated for payment, PARIUS WAITE.

Tyrone, Blair Co., Pa.

Or his Attorneys,

19 3-6-t Hastings & Reeder, Bellefonte, Pa.

GETTYSBURG. GETTYSBURG. GETTYSBURG

A NEW BOOK.

The GREAT INVASION

—OR—

GEN. LEE IN PENNSYLVANIA

The fullest, most exact, and most elaborate account of the Gettysburg campaign yet written. The result of twenty years of careful study, comparison and compilation from all available sources. The only *Authentic History*. The *Standard authority*. Sold only by subscription. We want ONE AGENT in every Township in EVERY COUNTY, to whom we will give the most LIBERAL TERMS. Address at once,

W. J. SHUEY, Publisher, Dayton, Ohio.

19 4 4t

FINE FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

WORTH $3,000.

100 Acres of GOOD LAND close to Port Matilda Well watered, good new buildings, Orchard, etc. Address, W. S. PORT,

19 4 4t Port Matilda, Centre Co., Pa.

NOTICE.—The Limited Co-partnership heretofore existing between Valentines & Co., Arthur Pearson of Bellefonte, Pa., and James Murphy, of Renovo, Pa., under the firm name of Valentines Store Co., Limited, has to-day been dissolved by mutual consent, Robert Valentine is alone authorized to sign in liquidation and to collect the outstanding accounts,

VALENTINES & CO.,
JAMES MURPHY,
ARTHUR PEARSON.

Witness:
JOHN M DALE.
Bellefonte, Jan. 17, 1887. 19 3 6t

TRUSTEE'S SALE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Blair county to me directed, I will expose to public sale, on the premises in Hollidaysburg, Centre Co., Pa., the following described valuable Real Estate:

Consisting of two lots of ground favorably located on the west side of the turnpike and desirable properties, belonging to the estate of John Parsons, deceased, late of Altoona, Blair county, Pa.

PURPART NO. 1, being lot number 12 in the plan of said borough, sixty feet front by two hundred feet back, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings.

PURPART NO. 2, being lot number 13 in the plan of said borough sixty feet by two hundred feet, having the con erected a two-story frame dwelling house, joined together, in one of which is a store room, a stable belonging to each house, and other outbuildings. These are desirable properties, either for business or private residences.

Saturday, the 25th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock A. M

TERMS OF SALE—One-third at confirmation of sale, one-third in one year with interest, one-third remaining in property; interest thereon payable annually to Mary Parsons, widow of John Parsons, deceased. Principal payable at her death to the heirs.

19 5 3t G. M. MEADVILLE, Trustee.

PUBLIC SALE —OF— REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the house of D. K. Miller, in Jacksonville, Marion Township, Centre county, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1887,

at 2 o'clock p. m. the following described Real Estate situate on the pike leading from Howard to Jacksonville, about one-half mile northwest of the latter place, viz: Being bounded by the Turnpike road on the south, lands of the Jacob Hoy estate on the east, mountain land on the north, the lands formerly of Wilson W. Beck on the west; containing about four acres and seventy perches more or less. Thereon erected a two-story log dwelling house, good frame stable and other outbuildings, and having thereon a small orchard with apple and peach trees, a spring of never failing water on the premises, and also a spring in the cellar, and a stream of running water through the meadow, a few yards from the house; being the same property formerly in the occupancy of Mrs. Elizabeth Zeigler, and whereon Aaron Buck now resides. Possession will be delivered April 1st, 1887.

TERMS OF SALE:—Fifty dollars in hand when the property is knocked down and the balance of one-third in cash on execution and delivery of deed, and the remainder in two equal payments at one and two years, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. W. GEPHART,
Att'y-in-fact for John W. Zeigler and Geo. Zeigler.

Bellefonte, Pa., Jan. 27, 1887. 19 5 4t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Shad have made their appearance.

—The ground hog, thus far, has been a great success.

—A girl living in White county, Indiana, has fasted 105 days.

—D A. Musser will erect a new bank building in Millheim.

—Grover, a three-years old son of A. C. Musser, of Millheim, fell and broke one of his arms.

—The masons of Philipsburg will celebrate Washington's Birthday with a banquet at the Potter House.

—J C. Brachbill advertises a closing out sale of furniture. Having received excellent offers to go elsewhere, he will quit business.

—Abraham Fultz, the discoverer of Fultz wheat, is now living in Mifflin county. It is said he never made a cent from his discovery.

—Thomas A. Shoemaker and family have moved into and are now occupying the handsome residence of Seth H. Yocum near the Milesburg pike.

—The charter for the Perry county railroad, to run from New Bloomfield to Juniata river near its mouth, was issued a few days ago at the State Department.

—Mr. Daniel Garman is fitting up a couple of rooms in the east end of his large family residence as offices for Dr. H. K. Hoy, who will soon return from New York city.

—It is said that a man who won't take a paper because he can borrow one has invented a machine with which he can cook his dinner by the smoke of his neighbor's chimney.

—Bovine Avenue, by which name a certain street in this place is known, may be considered a sort of *bullevard*, as it were.—*Watchman*. Some folks who live there persist in calling it the milky way.

—A hurricane of wind swept over Bellefonte last Friday, slamming window blinds, swinging signs and creating some consternation among people who were not anticipating anything of the kind.

—There was only a small audience in the Y. M. C. A. hall, Wednesday night, to hear Rev. Mr. Maxwell, on temperance. His remarks were able and forcible, and the meeting was an enjoyable one.

—We saw a wasp Friday morning. In summer time we don't care anything about such winged insects, but at this time in the year they seem about as certain harbingers of spring as a hand organ and monkey would be.

—Bella Swartz, daughter of Mitchell and Alice Swartz, of Lock Haven, died of typhoid pneumonia on Friday, the 4th instant. The funeral services occurred on Sunday, the 6th; interment at Eagleville, this county.

—Mr. George Fasic has opened a small store on Willow Bank street just this side of the railroad. He has confectionery, apples, oranges, lemons, tobacco, cigars, etc. People of that part of the town will find it convenient to buy of him.

—The nail works whistle blows long and loud every morning about 3 o'clock. Persons who happen to be awake at that hour instinctively think of fire, and several have been known to get out of bed and look in all directions for the flames.

—Joseph Howard, the newspaper correspondent, and Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York *World*, engaged in a fistic encounter the other day. Howard was kicked into the waste basket, a place, by the way, well fitted for many of his newspaper letters.

—Mr. Isaac Haupt expects to have plenty of Spring chicks and on Wednesday put out 75 eggs, giving some to the incubator and others to the hens. What disturbs our Methodist brethren is that the chicks will hardly be fit for use in time for conference.

—The cows owned by Mr. Thomas Reynolds are just now proving quite profitable. A night or two ago one of them gave birth to handsome twins and at the same time another Mrs. Cow became the mother of a very fine calf. This happy family of young calves are thriving amazingly.

—Mrs. Peggy Mechtley, an old lady residing at Fillmore, this county, died last Sunday morning. She was over 72 years of age. Three sons survive her. The funeral occurred on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock; the interment being at Buffalo Run Union Cemetery. Deceased had lived in the vicinity of Fillmore for many years.

—A copy of the Livingston (Montana) *Enterprise* of January 29 has just reached us. It contains the following item, which we suppose refers to Gen. James A. Brisbin's family: "Gen. Brisbin's children, Katie, John and Blanche, have recently been prostrated with scarlet fever at Fort Niobrara, where the General is in command."

—One of our exchanges notes that quite a number of ministers have failed to comply with the provisions of the marriage license law of Pennsylvania, which requires them to promptly make returns of marriage ceremonies performed by them to the Clerk of the Orphans's Court. The law requires them to make returns of all the marriages performed within 30 days and fixes as penalty a fine of $100.

Important Trial in Bedford.

The trial of John Rœther for burning Jackson Stuckey's barn began in Bedford on Monday. 125 witnesses have been summoned for the prosecution and 100 for the defense. Rœther and Stuckey were neighbors. In the year 1880 suits of slander and scandal were instituted by Stuckey against Rœther and vise versa. In consequence of these litigations the parties became embittered against each other. Rœther, who seems to be a vindictive character, looked for revenge. It is now charged that on the night of the 20th of January, 1882, he burned down a barn belonging to Stuckey, containing hay and grain valued in all at $8,000. He later poisoned three horses, it is alleged, valued at $150 a piece; four cows worth $200, and destroyed a lime-kiln belonging to Jackson Stuckey. Nobody was able to lay any of these deeds at the door of the defendant, although everybody suspected him. It is said, however, that Rœther was so proud of the way he had harmed his neighbor that last November he told of it himself. A warrant was issued immediately for his arrest, and he was locked up, as none of his friends would go bail for him, although he is well off.

Rev. John Hewitt Departs for the West.

As nothing definite had been heard here in regard to Rev John Hewitt, who was expected to visit Bellefonte before going to his home in the West, his friends here were much concerned for his welfare, especially after his stormy voyage on the Arizona. Accordingly, Mr. Frank Montgomery wrote to Earle's Hotel, New York, to make inquires. He has just received the following reply:

NEW YORK, February 9, 1887.

C. F. MONTGOMERY, ESQ.

Dear Sir:—Yours at hand and contents noted. In reply, we find that the Rev. J. Hewitt arrived here on the morning of the 22d and left the following evening about 7 o'clock for the West, in company with Mr. T. D. Broughton, a passenger by the same steamer Mr. Hewitt came. He left no forwarding address for his letters. Very respectfully,

FERDINAND P. EARLE.

The Drowning Accident at Clearfield.

The facts concerning the drowning of a boy in Clearfield on Tuesday are as follows: A number of boys were playing on the ice on the river, when the grand break up occurred, and the ice began to move. All the boys got off, except one, Herbert Adams, aged 10 years, and he floated five squares through the town, unable to make his escape, and the people apparently unable to rescue him. In spite of his screams and imploring gestures and to the great horror and agony of all who saw the terrible sight, he was washed off the ice and disappeared in the depths of the tremendous flood.

A Gallant Steed.

The *Centre Democrat* at Bellefonte keeps a "R sinante," fully equal to Don Quixote's and in this week's issue says: The *News* man made some insulting remarks about the blooded horse of the senior editor of the *Democrat* and every time the gallant brute sees Bailey he gets sick.

Who gets sick—Bailey or the horse? That's what we want to know.—*Lock Haven Daily Democrat.*

Neither of them, Joe; the pronoun "he" applies to the "senior editor of the *Democrat*"—don't you see?—NEWS.

Yes, the "senior" gets awful sick when he sees Bailey. It is the "Senior" that sees Bailey; the horse is blind. Bailey is right.—*Centre Democrat.*

The horse is blind, is it? And the "gallant brute" sees Bailey, does it? Then the "Senior" must be the g. b. If so, we tragically exclaim with Cæsar, "*Et tu, Brute!*"

—In this country every citizen has the exalted privilege of voting as he pleases and our legislators may also do the same It is perhaps the province of a newspaper to merely record the way they vote—not criticise. A question of much importance was voted on in the House of Representatives on Wednesday and it is of interest to know how Messrs. Woodward and Rhone, Centre county's representatives, voted on the question. If the names given elsewhere in a telegraph dispatch are properly recorded Mr. Rhone voted for the prohibition amendment and Mr. Woodward against it.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., February 7, 1887:

J. M. Brown, Jno. J. Cotter, Mrs. David Flora, James Frama, Miss Grace Kinley, Jno. T. McCormick, Mollie Nosburgh, Miss Mary Syne, J. B. Stratton, William A. Siebert, Secretary Undine Fire Company, J. Williams.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—The young ladies who are preparing the Mother Goose quadrille and tableaux have frequently figured in public entertainments on former occasions and never failed to give satisfaction. They are ingenious and accomplished and excel in whatever they attempt. This is sufficient to assure our readers that the entertainment to be given by them on the 17th inst., will be new, novel and enjoyable. No one should miss seeing it. Tickets will be for sale in a day or two.

—Miss Mattie Vickers and company will be in Bellefonte on Thursday, March 3, in the new drama "The Cherub, the Pearl of Serpent Mountain."

Lines from Loveville.

LOVEVILLE, Feb., 8, 1887.

Miss Kate Buck, who had been visiting her friends in the vicinity of Loveville, returned to her home last week in Loveville.

The Loveville Literary Society is now in a prosperous condition. The society held a meeting on the 5th and debated the question, "*Resolved*, That dogs can think." The question was ably debated. Mr Ira Elenbarger, of Gatesburg, delivered two speeches on the question. The next meeting will be on Saturday, the 12th. The question for that evening will be, "*Resolved*, That the public lands of the United States should be reseved for native home citizens."

A large party of young people gather at Colonel Ebbs' house, near Loveville, on Tuesday evening. The guests were kindly entertained and refreshments consisting of cake, apples, etc., were served.

G. L. Ebbs is at his home at this date.

Daniel Rhoads, Esq., is in Loveville this week.

We hear much talk of organizing an I. O. O. F. Lodge in Half Moon township Many of the people of Loveville, will take an active part and have given their names for charter members.

Miss Mollie Beck, of Loveville, will recite for the Tyrone Literary Society on Friday evening, the 11th.

CLAY.

Work of the Wind.

The fearfully strong gust of wind that swooped down upon this place at 11 o'clock Friday morning seemed to be most destructive on Bishop street, probably the least exposed thoroughfare in the borough. The handsome new brick residence occupied by Mr. Nicholas Bauer and family was quite badly damaged. The bay window part of the house, on the west end, from the second story up to the peak of the roof, was blown in with a terrific crash. Fortunately, the the occupants of the house were in another part, and none of them were injured.

Slate was blown from the roof of Mr. Reynolds' building all the way across the street. A few bill boards were prostrated in different parts of the town and numerous branches were blown from trees. The building in which the DAILY NEWS is printed rocked as if in the cradle of the deep.

Mr. Wilbur Twitmire was in a rather dangerous position, the ladder being blown from beneath him while he was in the tower of the new Catholic church.

Children in the Schools.

Every month a report is made to the school board of the number of pupils attending the common schools of this town We believe the report is submitted by Principal D. M. Lieb. On the 8th day of this month he presented the following statement of the number of pupils enrolled:

Grade.	Teacher.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
No. 10	Miss Weaver	33	32	65
" 9	" Powers	41	33	74
" 8	" Strickland	32	32	64
" 7	" McCaffrey	25	32	57
" 6	" Rankin	17	30	47
" 5	" Humes	17	18	35
" 4	" Shortlidge	28	18	46
" 3	" Hewes	23	18	41
" 2	" Meek	21	19	40
" 1	Mr. Lieb	17	21	38
		254	253	507
	Colored			39
High School		35	37	72
				618

Two Accidents on Thursday.

There were two accidents on Thursday afternoon, both occurring about 3 o'clock. Mr. Draucher, a son of Alexander Draucher, of Milesburg, who was standing on a scaffolding connected with some of the building operations of the Bellefonte Iron Company, fell from the structure to the ground, breaking one of his arms. The accident will disable him for several weeks.

Mrs. Thomas Dunkle and her sister Miss Hugnes, were riding on East High street at the time mentioned, when the horse frightened, upsetting the buggy and throwing both ladies out. Miss Hughes' shoulder was dislocated, Mrs. Dunkle escaping unhurt.

Horse Killed on the Crossing.

The fine horse attached to J. A. Harper & Co's grocery wagon was struck by the Lemont passenger train Friday morning and died of the injuries inflicted. The wagon and horse were standing near Reynolds' mill when the train approached. The horse, which was not fastened, started to cross the track when it was struck by the cow-catcher and thrown into the hollow near the track. At first, it was hoped the horse was not injured, but when we looked at the animal it seemed to be dying and we hear that it did die a few minutes afterwards. The wagon was only slightly damaged.

—On Friday Mr. Frank Montgomery received a letter from Rev. John Hewitt, of Fremont, Nebraska. He gives as his reason for so soon departing for the West that he was suffering greatly from the effects of his tempestuous sea voyage and that the near approach of Lent necessitated his immediate presence in his parish at Fremont.

—It must be apparent to the railroad company that a safety gate should be placed at the railroad crossing on Willow Bank street and also one at the crossing near the works of the Bellefonte Iron Company. Both places are exceedingly dangerous.

Act Like Wise Men.

People tell us to "go for" the Railroad Company and compell it to protect the places where its tracks cross the public roads. We shall, however, merely inform the railroad company what it should do and trust to the good sense of the managers to have the suggestions adopted. Such protection, it is said, is needed near Hale's mill, near Reynolds mill and at the crossing near the Iron Company's works. The last mentioned is the most dangerous. Sometimes accidents occur at such places for which the railroad company cannot be held responsible But accidents are liable to happen every day for which it can be held directly responsible, and for which heavy damages can legally be collected. Surely, a wise railroad company does not care to be in such a position, and it will be to its own interest to adopt every measure of safety. The cost of safety gates at the places mentioned will not be large, and it would show on the part of the company such concern for the people's safety as to result in almost doubling present patronage. The friendship of people along the line is an important consideration even for railroads and every wise company will seek to secure such friendship. Will Superintendents Westfall and Blair please consider this matter carefully and prayerfully.

For Assistant Burgess.

EDITOR NEWS: An assistant burgess of Bellefonte borough is to be elected next Tuesday and the writer desires to say a few words on the subject. The office in question should not be merely one of honor without works. The assistant can and should be a valuable aid to the chief in the affairs of municipality. Some one who is versed in law should be selected so that whenever points of law come up, as they very often do, the chief burgess could be assisted from an advisory point of view as well as official. This being the case, I desire to bring out that able young attorney and orator, William E. Gray, Esq. He has been very favorably mentioned as the most suitable candidate for the office in question. He is a bright and trustworthy gentleman, a staunch Republican and would make an officer of whom every citizen of Bellefonte might well feel proud. Mr. Gray has not sought the office, but the office is seeking him. His friends are legion and his legal and educational abilities place him in the front ranks as a candidate for assistant burgess. Let the Republican party bear these facts in mind at the caucus this evening, and honorably place Mr. Gray in nomination for assistant burgess of Bellefonte borough. REPUBLICAN.

GAS.

We are requested to copy the following from the *Watchman*:

DEAR SIR: In looking over the Auditors' report for the year 1886, I notice among the items charged as Court House expenses $209.57 for electric light. Now, the Bellefonte Gas Company has been furnishing their gas light to the county for a period of twenty-two years, viz from 1862, to 1884, during which period the amount of gas furnished to the Court House was 675,200 cubic feet, which at the present rate of two dollars per thousand feet would amount to $1350.42. At the annual rate which appears to have been paid for electric light last year, the total amount paid during the period above named would have reached in the aggregate the sum of $4609 22. Deducting amount paid for gas during same period, viz: $1350.40, I find a balance of $3258.82, which would be saved to the county by the use of gas. I have been unable to find any good reason for such useless expenditure of the tax payer's money and give this statement publicity in your valuable paper, with the hope that some light may be thrown upon a matter which seems to me dark and mysterious. If there should be any doubts as to the facts above stated the books of the Gas Company will be open to anxious inquirers. ROBT MCKNIGHT, Superintendent.

High School Rhetorical Exercises

The exercises in the High School on Friday afternoon included the following:

Declamation by Chas. J. Taylor, "The St Lawrence."

Essay by Jennie C. Powers, "History."

Reading by Emma Yerger, "The Nail Maker."

Essay by Carrie Miller, "The Nile."

Declamation by Joe Guggenheimer, "If you have seen."

Essay by Lottie Ginter, "Philadelphia."

Reading by Emma Montgomery, "The Smoking Quakeress."

Essay by Frank Taylor, "Australia."

Declamation by Harry U. Tibbens, "A Song of Base Ball."

Essay by J. Frank Musser, "Bellefonte."

Reading by Rebie Garman, "A Forgotten Promise."

Essay by Arthur Rothrock, "Italy."

The exercises were interrupted by a very loud and unnecessary noise made by a crowd of men and boys who had gathered in the hall. C. E. E.

—Are there not some violations of a recent ordinance in our borough? For instance, does not the keeping of barrels of oil just west of the depot building violate the ordinance prohibiting the storing of too large a quantity of explosives?

Coming Amusements.

In addition to Mattie Vickers and company, who will be here on March 3, other attractive entertainments will be given in Bellefonte before the season closes. The Sandford Bread Winners company is booked They give The 'Bread Winners' and 'Under the Lash.' On the 22d of February W. D. Holtzworth will give an illustrated lecture on the battlefield of Gettysburg, using a double calibre sciopticon. Donavin's Hyer Sisters Combination is also engaged to appear.

—The pay train on the Tyrone division came to town Friday afternoon. There are so many cars coming into Bellefonte now that look like the pay train that a close and critical inspection on our part is required to distinguish it. But in this instance we are sure it was the pay train, for we saw the depot employes climbing into the car in double quick order. They never show so much anxiety to enter a car on any other occasion.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia Cured in Two Days.

The Indiana Chemical Co have discovered a compound which acts with truly marvelous rapidity in the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia. We guarantee it to cure any and every case of acute Inflammatory Rheumatism and Neuralgia in 2 DAYS, and to give immediate relief in chronic cases and effect a speedy cure.

On receipt of 30 cents, in 2 cent stamps, we will send to any address the prescription for this wonderful compound, which can be filled by your home druggist at small cost We take this means of giving our discovery to the public instead of putting it out as a patent medicine, it being much less expensive. We will gladly refund the money if satisfaction is not given. THE INDIANA CHEMICAL CO., 1y-RAP-JAN26 Crawfordsville, Ind.

—A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, has purchased 112 acres of land along the Buffalo Run railroad about three miles from Bellefonte. It was a part of the well-known Henderson farm. Morris will at once erect twelve lime kilns and will carry on the lime business on an unprecedentedly large scale. He expects to ship twenty car loads of lime and limestone every day over the Buffalo Run railroad. The enterprise will afford employment to a large number of men.

WHAT TRUE MERIT WILL DO

The unprecedented sale of *Boschee's German Syrup* within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the *cause* of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cts., large bottles. 19 3 1y

—Several of the survivors of the 56th Regiment, P. V., held a meeting at Harrisburg during the time of the G. A. R encampment. An organization was effected by the election of J. D. Cunningham, of Blairsville, Pa., president, and J. M. Stover, of Chester, Pa., secretary. Arrangements were made to hold a reunion of the regiment on the second day of the summer encampment of the G. A. R. at Gettysburg. Headquarters will be at the Eagle Hotel.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle after using three bottles found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs." all at J. ZELLER & SON'S drug store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all lung diseases. Large bottles $1.00. Sold by D. F. Taylor, Lemont.

—Jenny Lind, the famous singer, is still living, but she is a plain, white-haired woman now. It is said that she is remarkably pious. Her piety is not of a very practical kind, however, as it is said that she spends her time bemoaning the days when she was sinful enough to appear on the stage. True piety leads one, not so much to bemoan the past as to improve the present.

Thousands Say So,

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure kidney and liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by J. ZELLER & SON, Bellefonte, and D. F Taylor, Lemont.

—Unionville is to have a musical convention and concert. The convention will begin on February 22, under the conductorship of J. W. Weaver. It will be a well-conducted convention. The concert will be on Saturday, the 26th. Tickets to full course, 50 cents; single ticket, 10 cts concert ticket, 25 cents.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J ZELLER & SON, Bellefonte, and D F Taylor Lemont.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by WALTER W. BAYARD.

One and reliable Medicine are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. WALTER W. BAYARD.

—Heretofore the postal notes issued by the postoffice department were payable only at the office to which they were issued, the name of the postoffice being inserted in the body of the note. Under an act of Congress passed January 3, postal notes were made payable at any money order office in the country, and notes issued now bear upon their face the words "payable at any money order office."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this reciept, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A NOYES, 149 Powers Block, Rochester, N.Y. 18 11-1y

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. WALTER W. BAYARD.

Medical, Etc.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

W. J. MCELROY.

EASILY ACCOUNTED FOR

The success of Baugh's $25 Phosphate as an excellent crop producer and permanent improver of the soil, is easily accounted for "It is made of the bones of animals, and with special regard to a general adaptability as a plant food."

Every particle of which bones are composed, is a direct food of vegetables.

We render this food immediately available In the $25 PHOSPHATE Which we claim to be a very special advantage, as it gives the crop an early start and sustains it until fully matured, besides permanently improving the soil.

MODENA, Pa., Jan. 1st, 1886.

"Having thoroughly tested BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE, side by side with other makes costing $35 and $40 per ton, I am satisfied that Baugh's is the best for first crop as well as permanent results. I had better wheat and cut more grass for two years where I used the $25 Phosphate. I will use no other kind and advise all farmers to buy Baugh's $25 Phosphate and see results for themselves on their own ground." JOHN FADDIS.

THE ORIGINAL Manufacturers of RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE. Combined capacity of our Works, 75,000 tons per year, and still increasing.

BAUGH & SONS, MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Use Baugh's $25 PHOSPHATE ACTIVE, PERMANENT, CHEAP ANIMAL BONE MANURE

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE

HAS PROVED TO BE THE REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

MARION, IND., Aug. 12, 1886.

My wife was so afflicted with Rheumatism in her shoulder and arm that she could do nothing for herself, and could not sleep in bed, but had to be bolstered up in a rocking chair. Physicians prescribed, many patent medicines were used, but the pain still got worse. I sent for the Russian Rheumatism Cure, under a cloud of doubts. It was used according to directions for one week, and my wife was cured. It was one of those agreeable surprises that you meet once in a lifetime. It is now over four months since the cure was effected, and she can wash, iron, hoe in the garden, and do all kinds of work as well as ever, and has no symptoms of the old disease. We have no hesitancy in recommending the cure to all similarly afflicted, as SAFE AND SURE.

Truly yours, H. J. FISHELL.

Thousands of others have been cured.

PRICE $2.50.

For complete information, Descriptive Pamphlet, with testimonials, free.

For sale by all druggists. If one or the other is not in position to furnish it to you, do not be persuaded to take anything else, but apply direct to the General Agents, PFAELZER BROS. & CO. 819 & 821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

13 18 1y

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The nights are dark.

—All kinds of weather.

—It is time to sow tomato seeds.

—A load of hay was capsized by the wind on Friday morning.

—Many people went on the special train to State College Friday evening.

—The Lutheran congregation of Rebersburg are about to erect a new parsonage.

—Wide trousers, though said to be fashionable, are not popular. Glad of it.

—Mr. Moyer Lyon returned on Tuesday evening from a business trip to the city.

—About $300 was collected in the Methodist church, on Sunday, for missions.

—Edgar Swartz, of Ridgway, has been visiting in Bellefonte during the past week,

—Butter, eggs and milk are again cheap enough to be within the reach of printers.

—Mrs. E. M. Sturdevant, of New York State, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sayer.

—Mrs. J.H.Sands, who has been visiting in Williamsport, arrived home on Saturday at 5 p. m.

—Edward Powers has sold out nearly all of his old stock of boots and shoes and is receiving new goods.

—Miss Lizzie Sharp, an evangelist from Philadelphia, is preaching to the people of Lock Haven.

—Sing Sing is a very strange name for a penitentiary. Groan Groan would seem more appropriate.

If H. H. Harshberger,Esq.,is not elected for collector some Republicans are not faithful to their duty

—Miss Arnold, of Williamsport, is the guest of her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Heylmun, on Curtin street.

—We are sorry to hear of the serious illness of Mr. Jerry Eckenroth, of Pleasant Gap, with typhoid pneumonia.

—Mr Charles Nelson, of Philipsburg, and Miss Ella Davis, of Madera, were united in marriage a few evenings ago.

—The Sterling Comedy Company benefit entertainment, on Saturday evening, attracted a good audience. The receipts were about $30.

—The ladies' Guild, of St. John's Protestant Episcopal church, met on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. James Pierpoint.

—It is predicted that the new post office in Boston will cost $5,000,000. It will be several years before Bellefonte can afford one of that kind.

—The residence of S. M. McCormick, Esq., of Lock Haven, caught fire at 2 o'clock on Monday morning, but the flames were promptly extinguished.

—The gas house in Gaysport, which we suppose is a suburb of Huntingdon, caught fire at 6 o'clock on Monday evening, and but for the prompt efforts of the firemen the building would have been destroyed.

—Lock Haven *Democrat:* "Allison Haupt is the oldest conductor on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, and one of the oldest, not in age, but in service, in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company."

—H. C. Allison's large bank barn at Cedar Run, Porter township, Clinton county, was burned on Monday morning with a large part of its valuable contents. It was one of the best barns in that township. The loss is large; insurance $3500.

—So far as sensations are concerned, the Williamsport *Sunday Breakfast Table* is fast gaining precedence of all other newspapers. If there is any one in this part of the State who does not desire to figure graphically in its columns, they must behave themselves.

—Rev. A. D. Wirts is a preacher who received his early education at the Central State Normal School, Lock Haven. He has achieved fame as an evangelist and his recent labors in the Baptist and other churches in Huntingdon county have resulted in 200 conversions.

—The Renovo *Record* states that nearly two years ago Miss Myers, of North Bend, accidentally ran a needle into her hand. It never caused her any pain or inconvenience until lately, when it began to make itself felt. On Tuesday morning she came to Renovo, and under the skillful treatment of Dr. Canfield the needle was removed.

—The manufacturers of oleomargarine will make an effort to have the recent law, in reference to that article, repealed, so that they can make the stuff and sell it for real butter. They are prepared to spend a million of dollars for this purpose. But the law should be continued just as it is now, which has resulted in giving the farmer a good price for butter. The law does not forbid the sale of oleomargarine, but it prevents its manufacture at such cheap rates that it becomes a ruinous competitor to butter. Instead of being sold as butter it must be disposed of as oleomargarine and consequently does not bring an equally high price.

SATURDAY NIGHT.

Both Parties Meet and Name Nominees for Borough and Ward Offices.

There were varying degrees of interest in the caucus meetings held Saturday evening. Some wards showed but a small representation of voters while others were the largest ever held. The Republican caucusses were entirely harmonious and they completed their work quickly. The conferees in the borough convention seemed to be all of one mind and not a word of discord was heard. Never before was there greater unanimity of sentiment and the result is a strong tickets which won with ease.

In the North ward Republican caucus Mr. George Rowan was elected President and George Johnston and Newton S. Bailey, secretaries. The names were placed in nomination for all the offices and then they were balloted for in regular order. The completed ticket was as follows:

NORTH WARD.

Justice of the peace—John B Linn.
Judge of election—J. Kyle McFarlane.
Inspector of election —W. I Fleming
Member of Town Council—Frank B. Stover.
School Director—Wm. B Rankin.
Registration Assessor—T. R. Benner.

Messrs. Austin Brew, Moses Montgomery and John P. Harris were appointed conferrees to the borough convention.

SOUTH WARD.

Judge of Election, J. D. Geissinger; Inspector, William McClure; Councilman, Thomas Donachy; School Director, ——; Registration Assessor, George L. Schrock. Convention Conferees were J, A. Fiedler, Charles Gilmore and Simeon Haupt.

WEST WARD.

The caucus is said to have been very large. Clement Dale, Esq., was President and S. A. Stover and G. W. Rees, Secretaries. The ticket nominated is,

Judge of Election—Adam Herkimer.
Inspector—Isaac Haupt.
Councilman—Robert Cole.
School Director—James D. Seibert.
Registration Assessor—G. W. Rees.

Isaac Mitchell, David Haines and Jno. B. Emery were delegates to the convention. The convention met in Jno. Linn's office and nominated the following:

REPUBLICAN BOROUGH TICKET.

Chief Burgess—H. S. Hale.
Assistant Burgess—Geo. L. Smith.
Borough Assessor—H. H. Benner.
Treasurer—Chas. F. Cook.
Tax Collector—H. H. Harshberger.
Constable—H. H. Montgomery.
Overseer of Poor—Samuel Gault.
Auditor, 3 years—H. B. Pontius.
" 1 year—John Kline.
High Constable—Samuel Delige.

Below we give the Democratic ticket in the

NORTH WARD.

Judge of election—D. Z. Kline.
Inspector—A. M. Hoover.
Town Council—R. J. McKnight.
School Director—M. Cunningham.
Registration Assessor—Francis Speer.

SOUTH WARD.

Judge of Election—C. M. Bower.
Inspector—George Chase.
Councilman—Ed. Brown, Jr.
School Director—D. F. Fortney.
Registration Assessor—James H. McCafferty.

WEST WARD.

Judge of Election—Irvin Taylor.
Inspector—J. E. Miller.
Council—Joseph Gross.
School Director—Nicholas Redding.
Registration Assessor—James Solt.

BOROUGH TICKET.

Burgess—Frank Galbraith.
Assistant Burgess—John O'Connor.
Assessor—William Steele.
Collector of Taxes—J. M. Keichline.
Constable—John A. Dunkle.
High Constable—Prior Britton.
Overseer of Poor—W. T. Speer.
Auditor, 3 years—James Lane.
" 1 year—V. J. Bauer.

School Report.

Following is the report of District No. 3, Patton township, Centre county, Pa., for the month ending February 7: Number in attendance during month, males 14, females 13, total 27. Average attendance, males 12, females 7, total 19, Per cent. of attendance, males 91, females 83, total 86. The following did not miss a day during the month: Dorsie Stine, George Taylor, John Taylor, George Blair, Daniel Tresler, Emma Tresler, Maud Sellers. A number missed but one day. Mariah Crust, Amelia Wise, Ketura Barr, Lydie Wise, Joseph Tresler, B. F. Blair, George Green, Luther Kurlin, Henry Stover, Harry Reeser and Henry D. Lee were visitors.

J. W. BLAIR, Teacher.

State College at the American Association.

Two of the professors of State College read papers at the last meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Prof. Osmond on *S. H. M. Hypotrochoid*, and Prof. Frear on "Composition of Soiling Rye." A brief abstract of the first mentioned paper is printed in the proceedings, just published, and the title of the latter. Prof. Herrick, also, attended the meeting of the Association. Prof. Buckhout, though a member, was not in attendance. Professor Jackson and Prof. Reber were elected members.

PENNA.

—Ten thousand dollars seems a high price to pay for a base ball player, but that sum was paid by the Boston club.

Engineer Duke Cox Badly Injured.

The following account of the accident on Friday evening of which Engineer Duke Cox was the victim, is from the Tyrone correspondent of the Altoona Tribune: A peculiar and unusual accident happened to engine 272, hauling the Tyrone division pay train over the Bald Eagle Valley railroad Friday evening, and Engineer Duke Cox and Fireman Charles Straitiff narrowly escaped burning to death. When the train, running east at about thirty miles an hour, had reached a point about a mile west of Lock Haven, Cox closed the throttle so as to let the engine slow down gradually to make the stop, and then he stepped back on the tank to arrange something about the water.

While Cox was on the tank Straitiff, intending to put in more fuel, opened the fire door. The moment he did so the blow-off valve became disarranged. Aided by the heavy wind blowing at the time the escaping steam, which usually goes out the smokestack, was forced back into the fire box, and finding an outlet at the open door a sheet of flame and a great mass of white-hot cinders were thrown out into the cabin around the men.

The fireman sprang over the rear end of the tank and reached the car in safety, but Cox, taking in the situation at a glance, picked up a long scraper and tried to put on the air, but failed. Finally, after the train had run a half mile with the interior of the cabin in flames, Cox got back and applied the air from the car.

After the train came to a stop the fire was extinguished, but not until it had eaten nearly through the wood work and broken all the glass in the cab. Cox was severely scorched about the face, his right ear was burned into a blister and his whiskers were singed off, but his injuries did not prevent him from bringing the engine and car to Tyrone on the return trip. This is the fourth narrow escape Cox has had in his fifteen years' service.

To Candidates for County Superintendents.

All persons who are thinking about becoming candidates for County Superintendent of schools, should read the school law in regard to qualifications for that honorable and responsible position. It was printed in the *Daily Democrat* of Lock Haven: "No person shall hereafter be eligible to the office of county, city or borough superintendent, in any county in this Commonwealth, who does not possess a diploma from a college legally empowered to grant literary degrees, a diploma or State certificate issued according to law by the authorities of a State Normal school, a professional certificate from a county, city or borough superintendent of good standing, issued at least one year prior to the election, or a certificate of competency from the State Superintendent of common schools; nor shall such person be eligible unless he (or she) has a sound moral character, *and has had successful experience in teaching within three years* of the time of his election."

—Damage was done by the wind Friday in all parts of the county. The smoke-stack of Chaney & Thompson's saw mill at Port Matilda was blown down, and in falling it took with it part of the mill roof. Part of the roof was blown off Underwood's building, between Julian and Unionville. A new derrick built by the Collins Bros., was leveled with the ground. The roof on David Mattern's corn crib was lifted by the wind and carried quite a distance. McKee's barn at Stormstown also parted company with part of its roof in the same way. David Peter's smoke house and bake oven is also minus a roof. Many fences were prostrated.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned, beneficiaries of the entertainment given last Saturday evening at Humes' Hall, desire to publicly express their cordial thanks to all who contributed to its success; to the public that so liberally patronized; to the home talent that so excellently participated, and to the G A R who so kindly lent the use of their hall.

Very sincerely,
EDW W ROBINSON,
HARRY HOFFMAN,
HELENA WEAKLEN.

—A mistake was made last week in the announcement that Miss Kate Powers would take part in the benefit to the Sterling Comedy Co. on Saturday evening. The young lady never gave anyone authority to announce her name in that capacity and she greatly regretted that such announcement was made. It is unnecessary to add that she did not take part.

—Among other distinguished ministers who will attend the Methodist Conference to be held here next month are the Revs. Dr. H. A. Buttz, President of Drew Theological Seminary; Dr. C. N. Sims, Chancellor of Syracuse University and Dr. M. D. Buell, Dean of Boston University.

—H. B. Weekes, who is a member of No. 27, Castle of Altoona, Pa., of the Ancient Order Knights of the Mystic Chain, is now in Bellefonte endeavoring to establish a Castle of that order. We believe that he will be successful.

Death of Mrs. Michael Weaver.

An otherwise happy family is mourning the loss of a beloved wife and mother. On Monday morning at 9 o'clock Mrs. Michael Weaver, of Axe Mann, yielded up her earthly life and has passed into the heavenly home with the saints triumphant. The deceased was about 50 years of age. For some time she had been afflicted with a tumor in her side and we suppose her death was partly due to that disease. Mrs. Weaver's maiden name was Ellen McClellan. Her husband still survives. Two children were born to her, one of whom, a daughter, died while quite young. Thomas, a son, is still living and is married.

Mrs. Weaver was a very kind lady and her death will be deeply mourned. Her goodness was very plainly shown in her kindness to children, several of whom she adopted and gave a good home and the advantage of careful training. Consequently, her death will be a real loss, not only to her immediate family connections, but also to those who need friendship and help.

The funeral occurred at 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning. The interment was in the cemetery in this place.

At the Hall.

The entertainment given last Saturday evening in Humes' Hall was a signal success artistically and financially. The humorous and dramatic declamations of Messrs. Irvin and Speer were excellently delivered, while Miss Weaklen caught the boys with her fine singing and archways. The recitation in character of the "Vagabond" by Mr. Ed. Robinson, was a very unique and powerful presentation of this well-known selection, and reflects credit on the young gentleman's originality and creative power, giving new life to an otherwise somewhat hackneyed piece. His imitation of Lawrence Barrett and delivery of his original reading, "A Splendid Charge," were also exceedingly effective. The singing and dancing of Mr. Hoffman were equal to anything hitherto seen in this town, his "Peek-a-Boo" being a perfect imitation of Wm. J. Scanlan's rendition of that popular ditty. His original song, "Nellie, the Pride of my Home" is a pleasing addition to the repertoire of sentimental songs.

The farcies, dances, acrobatics, dialect eccentricities, stump speeches, etc., were all fully up to the mark, creating great laughter and applause, as the occasion warranted.

Gregg Post Restaurant.

A most cordial invitation is extended to all citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county to come to the Post room on Washington's birthday and have a good time. Meals will be served at all hours through the day and at all hours till 10 o'clock at night.

MENU.

Oysters in all styles,
Chicken Salid, Cold Turkey,
Cold Chicken, Cold Ham,
and other meats in variety.

Relishes, Desserts, Cakes,
Ice Cream, Jellies,
Coffee and Tea.

At reasonable prices as there will be no canvass made for supplies for the restaurant. All friends who contribute, (and we trust many will, as usual) are requested to bring without further asking, to the Post room early Tuesday morning, the 22d. Remember it is on the 22d, and be liberal.

R. C. IRVIN, Sec.

Entertainment for the M. E. Conference.

In reply to a request from the *Juniata Methodist*, Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., furnished the following to that paper in reference to the Conference session to be held in Bellefonte, March 10 to 17:

"If nothing happens to cause us loss of homes we will not have the slightest difficulty to entertain the Conference. Our greatest embarrassment arises from requests for hotel accommodations. There are some brethren whose circumstances are such, that they must be assigned to a hotel, and as far as possible those who bring their wives will be accommodated in that way, but we cannot promise all.

"You can say that hotel rates to visitors will be from ninety cents to two dollars a day—the latter when a person wants a room to himself. All of our hotels are equal to the average hotel anywhere."

—John Evan Farquas, a native of Sunny Italy, was hiding beneath a car at Philipsburg on Saturday at noon to keep out of the rain. This car was run into by another and one wheel of the car passed over Farquas' leg. The man was taken to Williamsport. Of course, it is said that the foreigner is a son of an Italian nobleman in disguise. It is a wonder how many Italian noblemen, in disguise, are tramping through this country. Their nobility is so effectually disguised that it will never be found again.

—In consequence of recent calamities due to stoves in cars, the officials of the Northern Pacific railroad have decided to experiment with an iron car from which the cars of the train can be supplied not only with heat, but with light and water. It is proposed to have the car next to the engine so that connection when the engine is cut off may not be broken with the rest of the train. Whether electricity or gas for lighting the train will be used it is not yet determined.

A Lively Organization.

What would our town do without Gregg Post, G. A. R.? One would suppose that veteran soldiers who have passed through one or two wars, would have lost some of their superabundant energy and would rest on their oars, leaving other men to infuse new life into a town. But the fact is, that Gregg Post furnishes one-half the life this town now contains. When eminent men die, it is Gregg Post that takes proper notice of the event, calls a meeting, delivers speeches, embalms his memory appropriately. Bellefonte owes its fine entertainments to this organization. Through the instrumentality of the Post better companies have been induced to come here, and some of their performances were really excellent. On at least two holidays—Memorial day and Washingtons birthday—the Post is ever most prominent in celebrations. It is in all respects a remarkable organization.

Potter Township Notes.

Tusseyville is to have a musical convention, beginning on the 14th, conducted by Prof. Bierly. The following week Prof. Weaver will also have a convention in the same place.

Roads were awfully muddy until Friday night's freeze made them rough again.

Grain fields do not have the most favorable appearance.

Recently, two ministers, hailing from Centre Hall, had an animated confab about a funeral. The discussion was entirely too warm for peaceful brethren. 'Nough said.

Will Swab lost a valuable horse by death a short time ago.

The township elections are exciting the minds of our patriots. Even the little offices are hunted after.

SQUIB.

—Sometimes we insert in the DAILY NEWS information which is of interest more especially to people living outside of town and thereby cause some surprise to the readers in the borough. We do this because the DAILY NEWS has subscribers all through Centre county and, indeed, outside the county, it going to almost every place from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf. So great is the desire to see the DAILY NEWS that it is customary for traveling men to provide themselves with the latest issues of this paper and when they call on customers they make themselves agreeable by offering a copy to the customer for his perusal. They also carry with them other papers, such as the N. Y. *Herald* and *World* and Philadelphia *Press* and *Times*; but almost invariably, they report, their customers choose the NEWS and some of the ladies are prepared to fight for it.—*Daily News.*

—It is to be regretted that good business men must ever leave our town because there is a lack of places in which to transact business. Yet an energetic business man is about to leave for this reason. His present quarters are too limited. He has made most excellent and enticing offers to men who are abundantly able to help him out of his difficulty, but not one of them has accepted his proposals. Consequently, he must accept better business opportunities in other places. Sometimes, we permit ourselves to believe that Bellefonte capitalists are too wise to permit good opportunities of helping the town, to slip from their grasp, but actual circumstances dissipate this belief.

—What excellent "luck" some people have with house plants and flowers! They have but to plant the seed, or transplant the "slips," as the case may be, when immediately the vine flourishes magnificently, and the conservatory at once becomes a bower of beauty. The plants look strong and handsome and the blossoms continue with grand effect. Other people may plant and tend their vines with the greatest care, but the vines never become luxuriant or strong and rarely blossom. There has always seemed to us, and to many others, to be something remarkable in this fact.

—Some wicked wretch in San Francisco tried to end the life of the grand singer Patti, with an infernal machine the last time she sang in that city. Luckily, the machine exploded before he could use it with effect and the man who held it was himself the only one injured. The explosion caused a fright in the opera house and a panic might have resulted had not Patti come forward and compelled the people to be quiet by rendering "Home, Sweet Home." One would indeed be depraved who would seek to quench the fountain of such glorious music.

—Mr. John Hill, a prosperous citizen of Philipsburg, is going to the Free Congo State in Africa as a missionary. He goes with several others whose service as missionaries will be entirely consecrated as they will receive no pay for their labor. He leaves his wife and four children in Philipsburg. With Mr. Hill it seems to be entirely a response to a call for duty and in the true spirit of labor for his Master.

—We are truly sorry to announce that the prospective entertainment of the Mother Goose quadrille and tableaux has been abandoned. Monday night they concluded to give up the idea of holding the entertainment, at least for some time to come.

Personal Pencilings.

Dr. H. K. Hoy returned from New York City to Bellefonte on Monday.

Mrs. Harry Foster, of Harrisburg, is visiting her father at Aaronsburg.

Hon. L. A. Mackey, of Lock Haven, was noticed in town Wednesday evening.

Miss Kate Bloom, of Philipsburg, is visiting friends at Martinsburg, Blair county.

Mrs. A. C. Moyer, of Sandy Ridge, spent Monday with her Bellefonte friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Burd, of Aaronsburg, have been ill with typhoid fever and are recovering.

W. L. Malin, of this place, dispensed his agreeable presence in the *Journal* sanctum in Philipsburg on Friday.

Harry Jenkins, after a long illness, is again able to be out, and is fast recovering his usual health and strength.

Mr. John Powers is suffering severely from the effects of a carbuncle on his face, which is said to be swollen to twice its usual size.

James D. Gordon departed on Tuesday for Johnstown where he has a position in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Rev. Owen Hicks, recently of Howard, was the recipient of a fine overcoat a few days ago. It was the gift of the M. E. congregation at McKee's Gap.

Adjutant General Hastings was recently the recipient of a handsome gold badge from Post 2, G. A. R., of Philadelphia. The badge is in the shape of a keystone.

Col. W. H. Wilkinson is home from New York where he purchased an attractive stock of new goods. He finds it necessary to go to the city quite frequently.

Miss Ollie Tripple, of this place, who has been spending several weeks past among friends in Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Jersey Shore, is expected home this evening.

Mr. Clark Clemson, of Baileyville, sojourned in the county town for a short time on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Clemson has favored this paper with communications from that section on a few occasions.

Mr. W. E. Hamer, of Olivia, has been chosen to represent the Altoona District as a member of the Conference Board of Stewards. He will be in Bellefonte during the M. E. Conference to attend to the duties of his appointment.

Messrs. John Noll, Samuel Gault and Samuel Williams, who were delegates of Gregg Post to the Grand Encampment at Harrisburg, are at home again. They report a grand time and of course visited the Governor and the Adjutant General.

Death of a Venerable and Well-known Lady.

Mrs. Susan Bayard died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Stewart, in Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening about 6 o'clock. Mrs. Bayard was the relict Dr. A. W. W. Bayard, who for forty years was a practicing physician in this town. Another daughter is Mrs. Rittenhouse of Philipsburg, and her son is our well-known citizen, Capt. Geo. A. Bayard.

After the death of her husband Mrs. Bayard resided with her son here, until about two years ago, when she went to Philadelphia. She was a sister of the late Major Armor and of Mrs. MacManus, and with the sole exception of Mrs. Ruth Armor, she was the oldest female resident of this borough. There attaches to her memory many interesting events which are part and parcel of our borough's history and which we shall refer to on a future occasion. Suffice now to say that her death will be sincerely mourned and her funeral, to occur in this place, will be very large. The remains will be brought here to-night and the funeral will be from the residence of Capt. Geo. A. Bayard at 2 p. m. on Thursday.

—On Friday evening, February 11, an elaborate supper was served at the Mountain House in Snow Shoe. Lodge 122 of the I. O. of O. F., with visiting representatives of other lodges, viz., Bald Eagle 410, Centre 153, Karthaus, Coalmont 510 and Williamsport, gathered around the elegantly spread table, which was in the form of the letter T, with a smaller one at the side. The number in attendance was 70, with Col. Jas. F. Weaver, of Bald Eagle 410, gracing the head of the table. Mr. Weaver has been an Odd Fellow for 35 years. The tempting bill of fare included: Oysters, raw, fried, stewed and escalloped; ham, cold, and garnished with lemon; tongue, cold, and garnished with celery; chicken salad; Malaga grapes, oranges, apples, bananas, celery, pickles, tea and coffee. Mrs. E. A. Nolan exerted herself to provide for the comfort of her guests and to render this repast a specimen of the highest culinery art. She succeeded admirably and the supper was thoroughly enjoyable.

—The following people from Williamsport came to town with Superintendent Westfall in a special car Wednesday: Mrs R R Nice, Mrs J Gaus, Mrs F Miller, Mrs Wm Linck, Mrs W H Holter, Mrs Harris, Misses Ella Culver, Alice Tomb, Hattie Maffat, Emma Laushe, Messrs E B Westfall, H F Brooks, J R Davis, W H Holter, K F Morrow, F C Stoughton, A H Wheelock, W H Hinckley, F Cushen, E H Wright.